ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Mayor Gary Caldwell

Town Council Clarence Dickson Jon Feichter Julia Freeman Anthony Sutton

Town ManagerRobert Hites

Prepared by the Town of Waynesville Finance Department

Finance Director
Ian Barrett



ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Waynesville, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Waynesville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Waynesville, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Waynesville ABC Board. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Waynesville ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Waynesville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Town of Waynesville ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Waynesville's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Waynesville's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Waynesville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the

Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Waynesville's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 25, 2025, on our consideration of the Town of Waynesville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Waynesville's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Waynesville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina July 25, 2025



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Waynesville, we offer readers of the Town of Waynesville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Waynesville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this parrative.

Financial Highlights

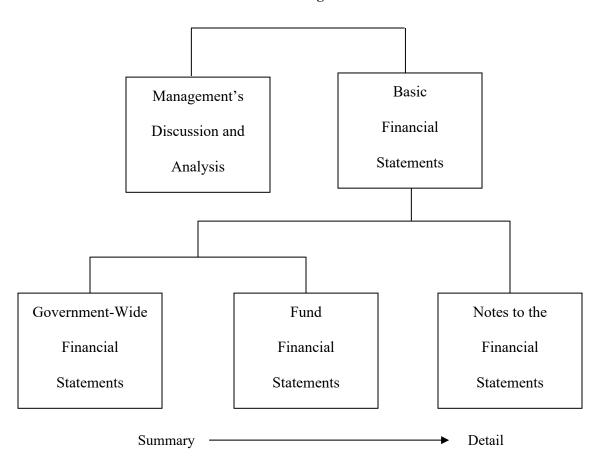
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Waynesville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$61,006,884 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$3,887,104, primarily due to increases in the business-type activities net position.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Waynesville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,952,208, an increase of \$1,944,042 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55% of this total amount, or \$8,803,569, is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,978,898, or 45%, of total General Fund expenditures adjusted for transfers out and issuances of debt and leases.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Waynesville's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Waynesville.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources, the total liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public health and safety, economic and physical development, streets and public works, and general administration. Property taxes and federal and state grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the electric and the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Waynesville. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board is important because the Town is financially accountable for the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Waynesville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Waynesville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Waynesville adopts an annual budget for it General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Waynesville has two kinds of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Waynesville uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water and sewer operations. These funds are the same as the separate activity shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the Town. The Town uses internal service funds to account for two activities – its asset services management operations (formerly public works) and its garage operations. Because these operations benefit predominantly governmental rather than business-type activities, they both have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit I of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Waynesville's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74-83 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities. The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the state of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to change in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with United States Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held United States Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Waynesville's Net Position

Figure 2

| | Government | al Activities | Business-Type A | | e Activities | To | tal | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 2023 | | 2024 | 2023 | | |
| Assets: | | · | | | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 17,573,962 | \$ 16,683,641 | \$ | 7,745,397 | \$ 11,836,910 | \$ 25,319,359 | \$ 28,520,551 | |
| Capital assets, net | 23,849,424 | 23,368,348 | | 44,360,620 | 28,897,794 | 68,210,044 | 52,266,142 | |
| Total assets | 41,423,386 | 40,051,989 | | 52,106,017 | 40,734,704 | 93,529,403 | 80,786,693 | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 5,605,138 | 5,749,084 | | 1,271,226 | 1,286,497 | 6,876,364 | 7,035,581 | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term liabilities | 18,726,338 | 17,485,581 | | 13,301,193 | 3,352,840 | 32,027,531 | 20,838,421 | |
| Other liabilities | 2,335,034 | 2,988,198 | | 3,161,686 | 4,675,227 | 5,496,720 | 7,663,425 | |
| Total liabilities | 21,061,372 | 20,473,779 | | 16,462,879 | 8,028,067 | 37,524,251 | 28,501,846 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 1,585,712 | 1,851,132 | _ | 288,920 | 349,516 | 1,874,632 | 2,200,648 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 19,302,422 | 19,202,217 | | 34,045,877 | 28,309,141 | 53,348,299 | 47,511,358 | |
| Restricted | 8,467,411 | 4,052,702 | | - | - | 8,467,411 | 4,052,702 | |
| Unrestricted | (3,388,393) | 221,243 | | 2,579,567 | 5,334,477 | (808,826) | 5,555,720 | |
| Total net position | \$ 24,381,440 | \$ 23,476,162 | \$ | 36,625,444 | \$ 33,643,618 | \$ 61,006,884 | \$ 57,119,780 | |

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Waynesville exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$61,006,884 as of June 30, 2024. The Town's net position increased by \$3,887,104 (7%) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The largest portion of net position (87%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment). The Town of Waynesville uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Waynesville's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Waynesville's net position (14%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of (\$808,826) is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced total net position:

- We have been diligent with collection of current year and past due property taxes. Our collection rate increased to just over 99%.
- The local option sales tax revenues (Article 39, Article 40, Article 42, and the hold harmless amount for the Article 44) totaled \$4,627,878, an increase of \$150,868, or 3.37%, in comparison to the prior year.
- The Town was able to purchase capital assets with the ARPA funds that were received in 2021 and 2022.

Town of Waynesville's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

| | Governmen | tal Activities | Business-Type Activities | | To | tal | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 2,698,603 | \$ 2,165,306 | \$ 18,737,942 | \$ 17,602,673 | \$ 21,436,545 | \$ 19,767,979 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 956,960 | 1,281,417 | 20,552 | 82,507 | 977,512 | 1,363,924 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 771,433 | 213,138 | 43,602 | - | 815,035 | 213,138 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 7,371,710 | 7,235,379 | - | - | 7,371,710 | 7,235,379 | |
| Other taxes and licenses | 4,747,240 | 4,606,721 | - | - | 4,747,240 | 4,606,721 | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | | | | | | | |
| revenues | 1,274,446 | 1,116,833 | - | - | 1,274,446 | 1,116,833 | |
| Other | 637,668 | 638,194 | 379,540 | 314,217 | 1,017,208 | 952,411 | |
| Total revenues | 18,458,060 | 17,256,988 | 19,181,636 | 17,999,397 | 37,639,696 | 35,256,385 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 3,687,583 | 2,400,381 | - | - | 3,687,583 | 2,400,381 | |
| Public safety | 8,774,261 | 8,292,863 | - | - | 8,774,261 | 8,292,863 | |
| Transportation | 3,027,060 | 3,129,652 | - | - | 3,027,060 | 3,129,652 | |
| Environmental protection | 276,948 | 265,756 | - | - | 276,948 | 265,756 | |
| Cultural and recreational | 2,773,644 | 2,629,883 | - | - | 2,773,644 | 2,629,883 | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 108,138 | 107,268 | - | - | 108,138 | 107,268 | |
| Electric | - | - | 7,655,459 | 9,096,694 | 7,655,459 | 9,096,694 | |
| Water | - | - | 3,721,122 | 3,549,297 | 3,721,122 | 3,549,297 | |
| Sewer | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 3,728,377 | 3,284,879 | 3,728,377 | | |
| Total expenses | 18,647,634 | 16,825,803 | 15,104,958 | 15,930,870 | 33,752,592 | 32,756,673 | |
| Increase (decrease in net position) | | | | | | | |
| before transfers | (189,574) | 431,185 | 4,076,678 | 2,068,527 | 3,887,104 | 2,499,712 | |
| Transfers | 1,094,852 | 799,195 | (1,094,852) | (799,195) | 3,007,104 | 2,477,712 | |
| Tansiers | 1,001,002 | | (1,071,032) | (777,173) | | | |
| Change in net position | 905,278 | 1,230,380 | 2,981,826 | 1,269,332 | 3,887,104 | 2,499,712 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | 23,476,162 | 22,245,782 | 33,643,618 | 32,374,286 | 57,119,780 | 54,620,068 | |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ 24,381,440 | \$ 23,476,162 | \$ 36,625,444 | \$ 33,643,618 | \$ 61,006,884 | \$ 57,119,780 | |

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities' net position increased by \$905,278. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Revenues were up in property taxes, sales tax, and investment income, which helped increase the net position.
- Rates for residential sanitation were increased by \$1 per month.
- There were additions to capital assets that the Town purchased using ARPA funds.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the Town of Waynesville's net position by \$2,981,826. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The Town increased water rates by 7%, sewer rates 10%, and electric rates 5%.
- There was an increase in collections due to customers paying off payment arrangements for bills that had become delinquent during COVID and resuming cut offs for delinquent accounts.
- The electric fund had capital contributions of \$43,602.
- There were additions to capital assets that the Town purchased using ARPA funds.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Waynesville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Waynesville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Waynesville's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Waynesville. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,978,898, while total fund balance reached \$15,283,908. By comparison, the year ended June 30, 2023, fund balance available in the General Fund was \$10,417,549 and total fund balance was \$13,439,130. The Town's current fund balance available is 45% of General Fund expenditures, adjusted for transfers out and issuances of debt and leases, while total fund balance represents 87% of the same amount. By comparison, the year ended June 30, 2023, the fund balance available was 61% of the General Fund adjusted expenditures, while total fund balance represents 79% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2024, the governmental funds of the Town of Waynesville reported a combined fund balance of \$15,952,208, a net increase in fund balance of \$1,944,042. This represents an 14% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The Town's total budget for the General Fund including transfers to other funds for the year ended June 30, 2024, ended on a positive note and added to the overall fund balance. The majority of revenues came in over budget. Ad valorem taxes were up due to an excellent collection rate. Other taxes and licenses are more than budgeted due to higher sales tax collections in Articles 39, 40, 42, and the hold harmless amount for Article 44. Investment income was up due to several increases in interest rates over the year. Residential sanitation fees were increased \$1 per month which increased the revenue over \$100,000 for

the year. Recreation revenues continued to increase as the use of the facility has slowly and steadily increased over the past few years after the sharp decline during Covid. All transfers to the General Fund from business-type activities were made as budgeted and sales of capital assets brought in \$7,446 more than expected. Overall, on the expenditure side, the Town's actual General Fund's expenditures totaled \$17,668,518, and all area came in under budget. The exhibits break out the expenditures on a functional basis. The Town had budgeted to use General Fund balance, but none was needed due to revenues coming in strong and expenditures being under budget. In fact, on a budget basis, the Town added \$1,844,778 to the General Fund balance.

ARPA Fund. ARPA funds have been used to purchase much needed capital items. The Town Council decided to use revenue replacement to minimize the restrictions on uses of the funds. Over the past fiscal year, the funds were used for a new SUV for the meter readers, replacement of the dispatch console in the police department, and there were transfer to the water, sewer, and internal service funds for capital needs.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Waynesville's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the electric, water, and sewer funds at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$5,295,309, \$3,997,147, and (\$6,893,038), respectively. In comparison to the year ended June 30, 2023, the unrestricted net position of the electric, water and sewer funds totaled \$3,614,345, \$3,869,060, and (\$2,280,880) respectively. The electric, water and sewer funds' unrestricted net position increased/(decreased) \$1,680,964, \$128,087 and (\$4,612,158), respectively. Total change in net position of the Electric Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year increased \$2,102,641, \$157,262, and \$673,726 respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Waynesville's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Waynesville's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024 totals \$68,210,044 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, recreation facilities, vehicles, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- purchase of a sweeper truck
- purchase of several new police vehicles
- renovation of the finance building
- purchase of tanker truck equipment for the fire department
- purchase of a new garbage truck
- purchase of a mower for the cemetery
- purchase of a new truck for development services
- upgrades at the dog park
- purchase of metering infrastructure (water)
- purchase of the floc basin canal gate (water)
- purchase of a sewer camera system (sewer)

Town of Waynesville's Capital Assets

Figure 4

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Ty | pe Activities | Total | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 | |
| Land | \$ 2,545,318 | \$ 2,545,318 | \$ 1,826,920 | \$ 1,826,920 | \$ 4,372,238 | \$ 4,372,238 | |
| Public art | 114,547 | 114,547 | - | - | 114,547 | 114,547 | |
| Construction in progress | 619,230 | 656,657 | 23,842,058 | 7,879,057 | 24,461,288 | 8,535,714 | |
| Land improvements | 615,567 | 590,583 | 48,008 | 55,188 | 663,575 | 645,771 | |
| Buildings and improvements | 12,076,058 | 11,946,282 | 1,090,937 | 1,233,964 | 13,166,995 | 13,180,246 | |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | 918,580 | 636,444 | 364,791 | 203,132 | 1,283,371 | 839,576 | |
| Vehicles and motorized | | | | | | | |
| equipment | 3,100,015 | 2,748,017 | 817,729 | 932,520 | 3,917,744 | 3,680,537 | |
| Infrastructure | 3,422,623 | 3,599,449 | - | - | 3,422,623 | 3,599,449 | |
| Substations, lines, and | | | | | | | |
| related equipment | - | - | 2,231,788 | 2,403,258 | 2,231,788 | 2,403,258 | |
| Plant and distribution systems | - | - | 14,138,389 | 14,363,755 | 14,138,389 | 14,363,755 | |
| Leased land improvements | 292,668 | 283,318 | - | - | 292,668 | 283,318 | |
| Leased buildings | 12,194 | 36,581 | - | - | 12,194 | 36,581 | |
| Leased equipment | 99,324 | 154,587 | - | - | 99,324 | 154,587 | |
| Subscriptions | 33,300 | 52,717 | | | 33,300 | 52,717 | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 23,849,424 | \$ 23,364,500 | \$ 44,360,620 | \$ 28,897,794 | \$ 68,210,044 | \$ 52,262,294 | |

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2024, the Town of Waynesville had total installment purchases outstanding of \$14,739,583.

Town of Waynesville's Outstanding Debt

Figure 5

| | Governmental | | Busines | s-T | ype | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----|------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Activities | | Activities | | | Total | | |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2024 | | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 | |
| Installment purchases | \$ 4,424,840 | \$ 4,097,990 | \$10,314,743 | \$ | 588,653 | \$14,739,583 | \$ 4,686,643 | |

The Town had no refinanced debt but did finance the purchase of a fire truck for governmental-type activities and a state revolving loan for business-type activities during the year.

The state of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Waynesville is approximately \$131,127,184.

Additional information regarding the Town of Waynesville's long-term debt can be found in Notes 1 and 3 of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Town of Waynesville

Budget Comparison For the Year Ending June 30, 2024

| | FY 24-25 Budget | FY 23-24 Budget* | Ι |) iffe re nce | % |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----|---------------|---------|
| General | \$ 19,070,765 | \$ 17,452,975 | \$ | (1,617,790) | -9.27% |
| Electric | 11,342,608 | 11,402,059 | | 59,451 | 0.52% |
| Water | 3,535,417 | 3,862,497 | | 327,080 | 8.47% |
| Sewer | 3,970,000 | 4,161,074 | | 191,074 | 4.59% |
| Stormwater | 200,000 | _ | | (200,000) | #DIV/0! |
| Total net position | \$ 38,118,790 | \$ 36,878,605 | \$ | (1,240,185) | 4.31% |

^{*}with amendments

- The tax rate increased to \$0.4790 per hundred valuations.
- The fire tax rate for the outside districts remained at \$.08.
- Sewer rates increased 10%, water rates increased 7%, and electric rates increased 7%.
- Residential and commercial sanitation fees remained the same.
- While most all the other fees remain unchanged, some minor increases are seen in other areas.

The General Fund budget increased from the prior year. There were several pay increases included in the budget, including a 2% COLA, an 11.57% increase for sworn officers, 2.5% for career track, and some other market adjustments for the lowest paid employees. The budget also included funding for much needed capital projects.

The Water Fund budget is \$327,080 lower than the prior year. No rate increase was required to fund operations. Capital purchases are down from the previous year in the Water Fund.

The Sewer Fund budget is \$191,074 less than the prior year. The majority of this decrease is because of prior year capital purchases.

The Electric Fund budget is \$59,451 less than the prior year. This is mainly due to less spending required in capital. A rate increase was required to fund operations.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025

The Town has continued to have a lot of steady growth and development which will help with revenue growth in future years as more homes and apartments are added to the tax base. There are several subdivisions that will begin construction in the near future, and we have two apartment complexes under construction.

Ad valorem tax collection was excellent this fiscal year, and reached a level higher than has been seen in the Town of Waynesville. Sales tax grew by 8.52% during 22-23, but the extreme growth we had seen in prior years has slowed.

The addition of ARPA funds assisted the growth of net position by allowing the purchase of capital assets in the General Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund. The funds will allow us to purchase additional capital assets and work on projects over fiscal year.

The Town was fortunate to be awarded several grants during the year that will assist in adding electric vehicle chargers downtown and at the recreation center. The fire department was able to purchase some wildland fire equipment with a FEMA grant, and the finance department was able to renovate their office with a grant from Senator Corbin.

The Town is also budgeted funds to implement an electronic time and attendance system. This will be a huge advance in terms of accountability and tracking. Other budget highlights include upgrading meter infrastructure, vehicle purchases, equipment for existing vehicles, water/ sewer infrastructure, and increasing law enforcement salaries to help with recruitment and retention efforts.

Fiscal year 2025 also sees the town implementing a stormwater program. The addition of this revenue will help with stormwater management.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Town of Waynesville, 280 Georgia Ave, Waynesville, North Carolina 28786.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

| | Primary Government | | | | | Component Unit | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | | Business-Type Activities | | Total | | Waynesville ABC Board | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 10,047,961 | \$ | 8,567,095 | \$ | 18,615,056 | \$ | 1,408,937 |
| Taxes receivable, net | | 165,015 | | - | | 165,015 | | - |
| Accounts receivable, net | | 79,680 | | 1,768,501 | | 1,848,181 | | - |
| Other receivables | | 511,411 | | 118 | | 511,529 | | - |
| Due from other governments | | 2,064,239 | | - | | 2,064,239 | | - |
| Internal balances | | 3,562,895 | | (3,562,895) | | - | | - |
| Leases receivable | | 3,497 | | - | | 3,497 | | - |
| Inventories | | 85,191 | | 705,512 | | 790,703 | | 298,243 |
| Prepaid items | | - | | - | | - | | 10,423 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, restricted | | 1,054,073 | | 267,066 | | 1,321,139 | | |
| Total current assets | | 17,573,962 | | 7,745,397 | | 25,319,359 | | 1,717,603 |
| Non-current assets: Capital assets: Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation Right-to-use assets, net of amortization | | 3,279,095 20,132,843 437,486 | | 25,668,978 18,691,642 | | 28,948,073 38,824,485 437,486 | | 509,646 652,370 |
| Total capital assets | | 23,849,424 | _ | 44,360,620 | | 68,210,044 | | 1,162,016 |
| Total non-current assets | | 23,849,424 | | 44,360,620 | | 68,210,044 | | 1,162,016 |
| Total assets | | 41,423,386 | | 52,106,017 | | 93,529,403 | | 2,879,619 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | | 4,076,989 | | 918,414 | | 4,995,403 | | 131,639 |
| OPEB deferrals | _ | 1,528,149 | | 352,812 | | 1,880,961 | | - |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 5,605,138 | | 1,271,226 | | 6,876,364 | | 131,639 |
| Liabilities: Current liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | 1,071,551 | | 2,731,613 | | 3,803,164 | | 562,757 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | | 1,093,139 | | 163,007 | | 1,256,146 | | 17,171 |
| Unearned revenue | | 170,344 | | - | | 170,344 | | - |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Customer deposits | | _ | | 267,066 | | 267,066 | | |
| Total current liabilities | | 2,335,034 | | 3,161,686 | | 5,496,720 | | 579,928 |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

| | Primary G | Sovernment | | Component Unit | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total | Waynesville ABC Board | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | 6,000,102 | 1,508,426 | 7,508,528 | 192,268 | |
| Total pension liability (LEOSSA) | 1,840,287 | - | 1,840,287 | - | |
| OPEB liability | 6,400,717 | 1,477,767 | 7,878,484 | - | |
| Due in more than one year | 4,485,232 | 10,315,000 | 14,800,232 | | |
| Total long-term liabilities | 18,726,338 | 13,301,193 | 32,027,531 | 192,268 | |
| Total liabilities | 21,061,372 | 16,462,879 | 37,524,251 | 772,196 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Lease deferrals | 941 | - | 941 | - | |
| Other deferred inflows | 102,723 | - | 102,723 | - | |
| Prepaid taxes | 4,615 | - | 4,615 | - | |
| Pension deferrals | 281,095 | 12,715 | 293,810 | 461 | |
| OPEB deferrals | 1,196,338 | 276,205 | 1,472,543 | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 1,585,712 | 288,920 | 1,874,632 | 461 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 19,302,422 | 34,045,877 | 53,348,299 | 1,162,016 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Perpetual maintenance | 611,892 | - | 611,892 | - | |
| Stabilization by state statute | 7,291,546 | - | 7,291,546 | - | |
| Restricted - other | 563,973 | - | 563,973 | - | |
| Working capital | - | - | - | 143,786 | |
| Unrestricted | (3,388,393) | 2,579,567 | (808,826) | 932,799 | |
| Total net position | \$ 24,381,440 | \$ 36,625,444 | \$ 61,006,884 | \$ 2,238,601 | |



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | 1 | Program Revenues | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|------------|----|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----|-------------------------------|--|
| | Expenses | | (| Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | | G | Capital rants and ntributions | |
| Functions/Programs: | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 3,687,583 | \$ | 161,825 | \$ | 492,948 | \$ | 771,433 | |
| Public safety | | 8,774,261 | | 1,138,437 | | 54,631 | | - | |
| Transportation | | 3,027,060 | | 756,287 | | 409,381 | | - | |
| Environmental protection | | 276,948 | | 49,100 | | - | | - | |
| Cultural and recreational | | 2,773,644 | | 592,954 | | - | | - | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 108,138 | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total governmental activities | | 18,647,634 | | 2,698,603 | | 956,960 | | 771,433 | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric | | 7,655,459 | | 10,889,805 | | 18,426 | | 43,602 | |
| Water | | 3,721,122 | | 3,639,343 | | - | | - | |
| Sewer | | 3,728,377 | | 4,208,794 | | 2,126 | | | |
| Total business-type activities | | 15,104,958 | | 18,737,942 | | 20,552 | | 43,602 | |
| Total primary government | \$ | 33,752,592 | \$ | 21,436,545 | \$ | 977,512 | \$ | 815,035 | |
| Component Unit: | | | | | | | | | |
| ABC Board | \$ | 4,860,308 | \$ | 4,874,925 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----|-----------------------------|----|--------------|----|---------------------------|--|
| | Primary Government | | | | | | C | Component | |
| | Governmental Activities | | В | Business-Type Activities | | Total | | Unit 'aynesville BC Board | |
| Functions/Programs: | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ (2,2 | 261,377) | \$ | - | \$ | (2,261,377) | | | |
| Public safety | (7, | 581,193) | | - | | (7,581,193) | | | |
| Streets and public works | (1,3 | 361,392) | | - | | (1,861,392) | | | |
| Sanitation | (2 | 227,848) | | - | | (227,848) | | | |
| Cultural and recreation | (2, | 180,690) | | - | | (2,180,690) | | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | (| 108,138) | | | | (108,138) | | | |
| Total governmental activities | (14,2 | 220,638) | | | | (14,220,638) | | | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric | | _ | | 3,296,374 | | 3,296,374 | | | |
| Water | | _ | | (81,779) | | (81,779) | | | |
| Sewer | | - | | 482,543 | | 482,543 | | | |
| Total business-type activities | | _ | | 3,697,138 | | 3,697,138 | | | |
| Total primary government | (14,2 | 220,638) | | 3,697,138 | | (10,523,500) | | | |
| Component Unit: | | | | | | | | | |
| ABC Board | | | | | | | \$ | 14,617 | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied for general purpose | 7,3 | 371,710 | | - | | 7,371,710 | | - | |
| Local option sales tax | 4,0 | 527,878 | | - | | 4,627,878 | | - | |
| Other taxes and licenses | | 119,362 | | - | | 119,362 | | - | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues | 1,2 | 274,446 | | - | | 1,274,446 | | - | |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | | 32,446 | | 5,286 | | 37,732 | | - | |
| Investment earnings | | 389,056 | | 374,254 | | 763,310 | | - | |
| Miscellaneous | | 216,166 | | | | 216,166 | | | |
| Total general revenues, excluding transfers | 14,0 | 031,064 | | 379,540 | | 14,410,604 | | - | |
| Transfers | 1,0 | 94,852 | | (1,094,852) | | | | | |
| Total general revenues and transfers | 15, | 125,916 | | (715,312) | | 14,410,604 | | | |
| Change in net position | 9 | 905,278 | | 2,981,826 | | 3,887,104 | | 14,617 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | 23,4 | 176,162 | | 33,643,618 | | 57,119,780 | | 2,223,984 | |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ 24,3 | 381,440 | \$ | 36,625,444 | \$ | 61,006,884 | \$ | 2,238,601 | |

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | Major Funds | | | Nonmajor | | Total | | |
|--|-------------|------------|----|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| | | General | | ARPA | Governmental | | Governmenta | |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Funds |
| Assets: | _ | | _ | | | | _ | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 9,254,728 | \$ | - | \$ | 611,892 | \$ | 9,866,620 |
| Taxes receivable, net | | 165,015 | | - | | - | | 165,015 |
| Accounts receivable, net | | 79,672 | | - | | 8 | | 79,680 |
| Due from other governments | | 2,064,239 | | - | | - | | 2,064,239 |
| Other receivables | | 450,529 | | - | | - | | 450,529 |
| Due from other funds | | 4,319,527 | | - | | - | | 4,319,527 |
| Inventories | | 10,916 | | - | | - | | 10,916 |
| Leases receivable | | 3,497 | | | | - | | 3,497 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, restricted | _ | 830,259 | _ | 223,814 | | <u> </u> | _ | 1,054,073 |
| Total assets | \$ | 17,178,382 | \$ | 223,814 | \$ | 611,900 | \$ | 18,014,096 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of | | | | | | | | |
| Resources, and Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 1,041,767 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,041,767 |
| Advances from other funds | | 576,483 | | - | | - | | 576,483 |
| Unearned revenues | | 2,930 | | 167,414 | | | | 170,344 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,621,180 | | 167,414 | | | | 1,788,594 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes receivable | | 165,015 | | - | | - | | 165,015 |
| Lease deferrals | | 941 | | - | | - | | 941 |
| Other deferred inflows | | 102,723 | | - | | - | | 102,723 |
| Prepaid taxes | | 4,615 | | - | | - | | 4,615 |
| Total deferred inflow of resources | | 273,294 | | | | | | 273,294 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Non-spendable: | | | | | | | | |
| Perpetual maintenance | | _ | | _ | | 611,892 | | 611,892 |
| Inventories | | 10,916 | | _ | | - | | 10,916 |
| Leases | | 2,556 | | _ | | _ | | 2,556 |
| Restricted: | | ŕ | | | | | | ŕ |
| Stabilization by state statute | | 7,291,538 | | _ | | 8 | | 7,291,546 |
| General government | | - | | 56,400 | | - | | 56,400 |
| Public safety | | 68,052 | | - | | - | | 68,052 |
| Streets - Powell Bill | | 383,559 | | _ | | - | | 383,559 |
| Streets - paving | | 31,250 | | _ | | - | | 31,250 |
| Culture and recreation | | 24,712 | | _ | | - | | 24,712 |
| Future capital outlay | | 322,686 | | _ | | - | | 322,686 |
| Assigned: | | | | | | | | |
| Subsequent year's expenditures | | 589,000 | | - | | - | | 589,000 |
| Unassigned | | 6,559,639 | | | | | | 6,559,639 |
| Total fund balances | | 15,283,908 | | 56,400 | | 611,900 | | 15,952,208 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | | | | | | |
| resources, and fund balances | \$ | 17,178,382 | \$ | 223,814 | \$ | 611,900 | \$ | 18,014,096 |

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Go | Total vernmental Funds |
|---|-------------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because: | | | |
| Total fund balances - governmental funds | | \$ | 15,952,208 |
| Capital assets and right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | | |
| Total capital assets and right to use assets of governmental activities Less capital assets of internal service funds | \$ 23,849,424 (167,845) | | 22 (01 570 |
| Accrued interest on property taxes receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. | | | 23,681,579 60,880 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. | | | 4,001,564 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds. | | | 1,499,438 |
| Net pension liability - LGERS | | | (6,000,102) |
| Total pension liability - LEOSSA | | | (1,840,287) |
| Total OPEB liability | | | (6,629,851) |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of garage services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. The cumulative effect of internal service activities related to enterprise funds are | | | |
| allocated to business-type activities as an internal balance. | | | 279,322 |
| Long-term debt and leases, accrued interest and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds. | | | (5,334,408) |
| Deferred inflows in the governmental funds are used to offset accounts receivable not expected to be available within 60 days of year-end. These receivables are a component of net position in the Statement of Net Position. | | | 165,015 |
| | | | ŕ |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. | | | (280,057) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds. | | | (1,173,861) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ | 24,381,440 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Major | Major Funds | | Nonmajor | Total | | |
|---|----|-----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|--|
| | | General Fund | | ARPA Fund | Governmental Fund | G | Governmental Funds | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 7,458,532 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 7,458,532 | |
| Other taxes and licenses | | 4,747,240 | | - | - | | 4,747,240 | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues | | 1,274,446 | | - | - | | 1,274,446 | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues | | 1,109,276 | | 1,264,381 | - | | 2,373,657 | |
| Permits and fees | | 288,450 | | - | - | | 288,450 | |
| Sales and services | | 1,733,939 | | - | 30,950 | | 1,764,889 | |
| Investment earnings | | 377,142 | | - | 11,914 | | 389,056 | |
| Miscellaneous | | 216,166 | | <u>-</u> | | | 216,166 | |
| Total revenues | | 17,205,191 | _ | 1,264,381 | 42,864 | | 18,512,436 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 2,309,624 | | 1,027,233 | - | | 3,336,857 | |
| Public safety | | 8,734,031 | | - | - | | 8,734,031 | |
| Transportation | | 2,947,628 | | - | - | | 2,947,628 | |
| Environmental protection | | 275,169 | | - | - | | 275,169 | |
| Cultural and recreation | | 2,689,558 | | - | - | | 2,689,558 | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | 604,370 | | - | - | | 604,370 | |
| Interest | | 108,138 | _ | | | - | 108,138 | |
| Total expenditures | _ | 17,668,518 | | 1,027,233 | | | 18,695,751 | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | _ | (463,327) | | 237,148 | 42,864 | _ | (183,315) | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities issued | | 31,481 | | - | - | | 31,481 | |
| Issuance of long-term debt | | 800,000 | | - | - | | 800,000 | |
| Sales of assets | | 32,446 | | - | - | | 32,446 | |
| Transfers in | | 1,444,178 | | - | - | | 1,444,178 | |
| Transfers out | | | | (180,748) | | | (180,748) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 2,308,105 | | (180,748) | | | 2,127,357 | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 1,844,778 | | 56,400 | 42,864 | | 1,944,042 | |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | _ | 13,439,130 | | | 569,036 | _ | 14,008,166 | |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ | 15,283,908 | \$ | 56,400 | \$ 611,900 | \$ | 15,952,208 | |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit D) are different due to the following items:

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ 1,944,042 |
|---|--|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets Capital outlay for right-to-use assets Amortization of right-to-use assets | 1,907,610 (1,332,969) 31,481 (121,198) |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | |
| Earned but unavailable property tax revenues Accrued interest on property taxes | (80,036) (6,786) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any affect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt, leases, and subscriptions issued Principal payments on long-term debt, leases, and subscriptions | (831,481) 604,370 |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | |
| Claims and judgments Compensated absences Changes in LGERS pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in LEOSSA pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in OPEB pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources | 5,000 (20,286) (712,701) (137,562) (884,769) |
| Internal Service Fund activities attributable to governmental funds are reported with governmental activities on the Statement of Activities. | 540,563 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 905,278 |

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | Variance with Final Budget | | |
|---|------------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| | Original | | | Final | | Actual | Over/Under | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | _ | | _ |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 7,079,300 | \$ | 7,442,300 | \$ | 7,458,532 | \$ | 16,232 |
| Other taxes and licenses | | 4,620,150 | | 4,620,150 | | 4,747,240 | | 127,090 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues | | 892,000 | | 892,000 | | 1,274,446 | | 382,446 |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues | | 1,061,750 | | 1,309,468 | | 1,109,276 | | (200,192) |
| Permits and fees | | 244,650 | | 254,900 | | 288,450 | | 33,550 |
| Sales and services | | 1,454,750 | | 1,466,750 | | 1,733,939 | | 267,189 |
| Investment earnings | | 201,000 | | 301,000 | | 377,142 | | 76,142 |
| Miscellaneous | | 499,100 | | 376,796 | | 216,166 | | (160,630) |
| Total revenues | | 16,052,700 | | 16,663,364 | | 17,205,191 | | 541,827 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 2,960,435 | | 2,854,124 | | 2,309,624 | | 544,500 |
| Public safety | | 7,498,345 | | 9,393,628 | | 8,734,031 | | 659,597 |
| Transportation | | 3,162,960 | | 3,230,355 | | 2,947,628 | | 282,727 |
| Environmental protection | | 318,640 | | 329,135 | | 275,169 | | 53,966 |
| Cultural and recreational | | 2,779,630 | | 2,905,895 | | 2,689,558 | | 216,337 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 732,965 | | 604,370 | | 604,370 | | - |
| Interest and fees | | | | 53,595 | | 108,138 | | (54,543) |
| Total expenditures | | 17,452,975 | | 19,371,102 | _ | 17,668,518 | | 1,702,584 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (1,400,275) | | (2,707,738) | _ | (463,327) | | 2,244,411 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities issued | | - | | - | | 31,481 | | 31,481 |
| Issuance of long-term debt | | - | | 800,000 | | 800,000 | | - |
| Sales of assets | | 25,000 | | 25,000 | | 32,446 | | 7,446 |
| Transfers in | | 1,345,600 | | 1,353,950 | | 1,444,178 | | 90,228 |
| Fund balance appropriated | | 29,675 | | 528,788 | _ | | | (528,788) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 1,400,275 | | 2,707,738 | _ | 2,308,105 | | (399,633) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | | \$ | | | 1,844,778 | \$ | 1,844,778 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | | | | | _ | 13,439,130 | | |
| End of year - June 30 | | | | | \$ | 15,283,908 | | |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | Bus | siness-Type Activ | | Governmental Activities | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Electric Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Total | Internal Service Funds |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,211,273 | \$ 4,355,822 | | \$ 8,567,095 | \$ 181,341 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 1,012,721 | 352,751 | 403,029 | 1,768,501 | - |
| Other receivables | 40 | 45 | 33 | 118 | 2 |
| Inventories | 312,881 | 354,693 | 37,938 | 705,512 | 74,275 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, restricted | 193,639 | 73,427 | - 441,000 | 267,066 | |
| Total current assets | 5,730,554 | 5,136,738 | 441,000 | 11,308,292 | 255,618 |
| Non-current assets: | | | | | |
| Advances to other funds | 576,483 | | | 576,483 | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Land and construction in progress | 1,256,466 | 1,486,362 | 22,926,150 | 25,668,978 | - |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 2,383,710 | 11,378,874 | 4,929,058 | 18,691,642 | 167,845 |
| Total capital assets | 3,640,176 | 12,865,236 | 27,855,208 | 44,360,620 | 167,845 |
| Total non-current assets | 4,216,659 | 12,865,236 | 27,855,208 | 44,937,103 | 167,845 |
| Total assets | 9,947,213 | 18,001,974 | 28,296,208 | 56,245,395 | 423,463 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 156,384 | 386,193 | 375,837 | 918,414 | 75,425 |
| OPEB deferrals | 59,303 | 145,426 | 148,083 | 352,812 | 28,711 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 215,687 | 531,619 | 523,920 | 1,271,226 | 104,136 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 451,452 | 152,410 | 2,127,751 | 2,731,613 | 29,784 |
| Due to other funds | - | - | 4,319,527 | 4,319,527 | - |
| Compensated absences, current | 5,263 | 29,796 | 29,809 | 64,868 | 353 |
| Installment purchases, current | - | 45,237 | - | 45,237 | - |
| OPEB liability - current | 8,892 | 21,806 | 22,204 | 52,902 | 4,305 |
| Payable from restricted assets: | | | | | |
| Customer deposits | 193,639 | 73,427 | | 267,066 | |
| Total current liabilities | 659,246 | 322,676 | 6,499,291 | 7,481,213 | 34,442 |
| Non-current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 14,336 | 31,158 | - | 45,494 | 14,476 |
| Installment purchases | - | 481,732 | - | 481,732 | - |
| State revolving loan | - | - | 9,787,774 | 9,787,774 | - |
| Net pension liability | 256,810 | 634,391 | 617,225 | 1,508,426 | 123,884 |
| OPEB liability - non-current | 248,394 | 609,124 | 620,249 | 1,477,767 | 120,257 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 519,540 | 1,756,405 | 11,025,248 | 13,301,193 | 258,617 |
| Total liabilities | 1,178,786 | 2,079,081 | 17,524,539 | 20,782,406 | 293,059 |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | Bus | siness-Type Activ | | Governmental Activities | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Electric Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Total | Internal Service Funds |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 2,203 | 5,248 | 5,264 | 12,715 | 1,038 |
| OPEB deferrals | 46,426 | 113,850 | 115,929 | 276,205 | 22,477 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 48,629 | 119,098 | 121,193 | 288,920 | 23,515 |
| Net Position: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 3,640,176 | 12,338,267 | 18,067,434 | 34,045,877 | 167,845 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | 5,295,309 | 3,997,147 | (6,893,038) | 2,399,418 | 43,180 |
| Total net position | \$ 8,935,485 | \$ 16,335,414 | \$ 11,174,396 | 36,445,295 | \$ 211,025 |
| Adjustment to reflect the cumulative effect of internal service fund activities related to | | | | | |
| enterprise funds | | | | 180,149 | |
| Total net position of business-type activities | | | | \$ 36,625,444 | |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Busi | ines | s-Type Activ | ities | <u> </u> | | | G | overnmental Activities |
|---|------------|-------------------|------|----------------------|-------|---------------------|----|-----------------------|----|------------------------------|
| | Elec Fu | etric nd | _ | Water Fund | | Sewer Fund | | Total | _ | Internal Service Funds |
| Operating Revenues: | \$ 10.8 | 262 720 | ¢ | 2 527 550 | ¢ | 4 120 642 | ¢ | 19 521 040 | ¢ | 1 116 021 |
| Charges for services Other operating revenue | \$ 10,0 | 363,739 26,066 | \$ | 3,537,558 101,785 | \$ | 4,130,643 78,151 | \$ | 18,531,940 206,002 | \$ | 1,116,021 8,898 |
| Total operating revenues | 10,8 | 889,805 | _ | 3,639,343 | _ | 4,208,794 | _ | 18,737,942 | _ | 1,124,919 |
| 0 6 5 | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| Operating Expenses: Finance and administration | 1 1 | 27,314 | | 879,232 | | 867,949 | | 2 874 405 | | |
| Electric operations | | 338,440 | | 019,232 | | 807,949 | | 2,874,495 838,440 | | - |
| Electric operations Electric power purchases | | | | - | | - | | 5,458,660 | | - |
| Water treatment and distribution | 3,4 | 158,660 | | 2,196,185 | | - | | 2,196,185 | | - |
| Waste collection and treatment | | - | | 2,190,163 | | 2 412 105 | | | | - |
| | | - | | - | | 2,413,105 | | 2,413,105 | | 069.769 |
| Garage operations | _ | - | | - 652 526 | | 464,192 | | 1 262 222 | | 968,768 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 245,504 | _ | 653,536 | _ | | _ | 1,363,232 | _ | 36,804 |
| Total operating expenses | | 669,918 | _ | 3,728,953 | | 3,745,246 | | 15,144,117 | | 1,005,572 |
| Operating income (loss) | 3,2 | 219,887 | | (89,610) | - | 463,548 | - | 3,593,825 | | 119,347 |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | 96,132 | | 116,637 | | 161,485 | | 374,254 | | 3,435 |
| Grant revenue | | 18,426 | | _ | | 2,126 | | 20,552 | | - |
| Interest and fees paid | | _ | | (9,038) | | _ | | (9,038) | | _ |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of assets | | 194 | | 5,092 | | _ | | 5,286 | | 800 |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | 1 | 14,752 | | 112,691 | | 163,611 | | 391,054 | | 4,235 |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions | 3,3 | 334,639 | | 23,081 | | 627,159 | | 3,984,879 | | 123,582 |
| Transfers in | | | | 134,181 | | 46,567 | | 180,748 | | _ |
| Transfers out | (1.2 | 275,600) | | 134,161 | | 40,307 | | (1,275,600) | | (168,578) |
| Transfer of net position to governmental activities | (1,2 | | | _ | | _ | | (1,273,000) | | (1,024,899) |
| Capital contributions | | 43,602 | | - | | - | | 43,602 | | (1,024,077) |
| Change in net position | 2,1 | 02,641 | | 157,262 | | 673,726 | | 2,933,629 | | (1,069,895) |
| Net Position: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | 6.8 | 332,844 | | 16,178,152 | | 10,500,670 | | | | 1,280,920 |
| beginning of year - July 1 | | 552,077 | _ | 10,170,132 | _ | 10,300,070 | | | _ | 1,200,720 |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ 8,9 | 935,485 | \$ | 16,335,414 | \$ | 11,174,396 | | | \$ | 211,025 |
| Adjustment to reflect the current year internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds | | | | | | | | 48,197 | | |
| Change in net position - business-type activities | | | | | | | \$ | 2,981,826 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | G | overnmental Activities | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Elec Fu | | | Water Fund | | Sewer Fund | | Total | | Internal Service Funds |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 10,8 | 313,793 | \$ | 3,505,266 | \$ | 4,084,892 | \$ | 18,403,951 | \$ | - |
| Cash received from interfund charges | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,116,021 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | (6,8 | 358,307) | | (1,819,050) | | (3,519,549) | | (12, 196, 906) | | (630,975) |
| Cash paid to employees for services | (3 | 392,188) | | (1,202,151) | | (1,424,229) | | (3,018,568) | | (285,377) |
| Other operating revenues | | 26,066 | | 101,785 | _ | 78,151 | | 206,002 | | 8,898 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | 3,5 | 89,364 | | 585,850 | | (780,735) | | 3,394,479 | _ | 208,567 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related | | | | | | | | | | |
| Financing Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets and construction | (6 | 667,181) | | (621,027) | | (15,537,850) | | (16,826,058) | | (19,903) |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | 194 | | 5,092 | | - | | 5,286 | | 800 |
| Proceeds from issuance of debt | | - | | - | | 9,787,774 | | 9,787,774 | | - |
| Principal paid on debt | | - | | (61,684) | | - | | (61,684) | | - |
| Capital contributions | | 43,602 | | - | | - | | 43,602 | | - |
| Prior year capital grants received | | 82,507 | | - | | - | | 82,507 | | - |
| Interest and fees paid on installment purchases | | - | | (9,038) | | - | | (9,038) | | - |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital and | | | | | | | | | | |
| related financing activities | (5 | 540,878) | | (686,657) | _ | (5,750,076) | _ | (6,977,611) | _ | (19,103) |
| Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: | : | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers out | (1,2 | 275,600) | | - | | - | | (1,275,600) | | (196,226) |
| Operating transfers in | | - | | 134,181 | | 46,567 | | 180,748 | | - |
| Change in due to/from other funds | | 75,993 | | - | | 4,319,527 | | 4,395,520 | | (11,558) |
| Grants received | | 18,426 | | <u>-</u> | | 2,126 | | 20,552 | | <u>-</u> |
| Net cash provided (used) by | | | | | | | | | | |
| non-capital financing activities | (1,1 | 81,181) | _ | 134,181 | _ | 4,368,220 | _ | 3,321,220 | _ | (207,784) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | | 96,132 | _ | 116,637 | _ | 161,485 | | 374,254 | _ | 3,435 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 1,9 | 063,437 | | 150,011 | | (2,001,106) | | 112,342 | | (14,885) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | 2,4 | 141,475 | _ | 4,279,238 | _ | 2,001,106 | _ | 8,721,819 | _ | 196,226 |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ 4,4 | 104,912 | \$ | 4,429,249 | \$ | | \$ | 8,834,161 | \$ | 181,341 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | _ | overnmental Activities |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|-------------|----|------------------------------|
| | Electric Fund | | | Water Fund | | Sewer Fund | | Total | | Internal Service Funds |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 3,219,887 | \$ | (89,610) | \$ | 463,548 | \$ | 3,593,825 | \$ | 119,347 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 245,504 | | 653,536 | | 464,192 | | 1,363,232 | | 36,804 |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (49,946) | | (32,292) | | (45,751) | | (127,989) | | - |
| Inventory | | 27,859 | | (129,340) | | 3,495 | | (97,986) | | 6,044 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pensions | | (15,603) | | (38,551) | | (37,502) | | (91,656) | | (7,528) |
| Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | 17,973 | | 44,075 | | 44,879 | | 106,927 | | 8,701 |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | | 43,963 | | 108,622 | | 105,666 | | 258,251 | | 21,210 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pensions | | (3,506) | | (8,662) | | (8,426) | | (20,594) | | (1,691) |
| Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | (6,724) | | (16,488) | | (16,790) | | (40,002) | | (3,255) |
| Other post-employment benefits | | 5,188 | | 12,722 | | 12,954 | | 30,864 | | 2,512 |
| Accounts payable | | 77,101 | | 72,328 | | (1,753,823) | | (1,604,394) | | 20,781 |
| Customer deposits | | 24,641 | | 7,452 | | - | | 32,093 | | - |
| Compensated absences | _ | 3,027 | _ | 2,058 | _ | (13,177) | | (8,092) | | 5,642 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 3,589,364 | \$ | 585,850 | \$ | (780,735) | \$ | 3,394,479 | \$ | 208,567 |
| Non-Cash Transactions: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer of net position from (to) other funds | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (1,024,899) |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Waynesville (the "Town") and its discretely presented component unit conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Waynesville is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected Mayor and a four-member Town Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Waynesville ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation.) Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Town of Waynesville ABC Board, 52 Dayco Drive, Waynesville, North Carolina 28786.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental activities and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and state-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

ARPA Fund. The ARPA Fund accounts for the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds awarded to the Town. These funds can only be spent for eligible uses including: (1) to respond to the public health emergency or its negative economic impacts; (2) provide premium pay to eligible employees for essential work up to \$13 per hour; (3) to address revenue reductions; and (4) infrastructure investments in water, sewer or broadband.

The Town has the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Cemetery Fund. This permanent fund is used to accumulate monies from the sale of cemetery lots for future maintenance of the Town's cemetery.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's electric operations. The Electric Capital Project Fund has been consolidated into the Electric Fund for financial reporting purposes.

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's sewer operations. The Sewer Capital Project Fund has been consolidated into the Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Town reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Funds. Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Town of Waynesville has one internal service fund: the Garage Operations Fund. The internal service fund predominantly serves governmental activities.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Long-term debt issued and acquisitions under leases and IT subscriptions are reported as other financing sources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Haywood County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the enterprise capital project funds and the ARPA Special Revenue Fund. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. The Town's asset services management and garage operations funds, internal service funds, operate under financial plans that were adopted by the governing board at the time the Town's budget ordinance was approved, as is required by the General Statutes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July I of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The Cemetery Fund is not required to be budgeted.

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciable lives of capital assets.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's and the ABC Board's investments are generally reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds and motor vehicle taxes restricted for paving are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Federal and state seizure funds and other public

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

safety revenues are also classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted to law enforcement expenditures. Donations received for the purpose of culture and recreation projects are restricted by the donor to be used only on those projects. Unexpended debt proceeds are restricted to the purposes for which the funds were received. Advances from grantors in the American Rescue Plan Fund are classified as restricted because their use is completely restricted for the purpose for which the grant funding was awarded.

The Town's restricted cash at June 30, 2024, is as follows:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| General Fund: | |
| Public safety | \$ 68,052 |
| Streets - Powell Bill | 383,559 |
| Streets - paving | 31,250 |
| Culture and recreation | 24,712 |
| Unspent debt proceeds | 322,686 |
| ARPA Fund: | |
| Unspent grant funds | 223,814 |
| Total governmental activities | 1,054,073 |
| Business-Type Activities: | |
| Electric Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 193,639 |
| Water Fund: | |
| Customer deposits | 73,427 |
| Total business-type activities | 267,066 |
| Total restricted cash | \$ 1,321,139 |

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Leases Receivable

The Town's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreements, the Town may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

Deferred inflows of resources are recorded at the initiation of each lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflows of resources are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds and those of the ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use or sale. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land and land improvements, \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$7,500; infrastructure, \$8,500; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network, and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Town's capital assets include certain right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

The Town's capital assets also include certain right-to-use subscription assets related to subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) as a result of implementing GASB 96. The right to use subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the subscription liability plus payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, plus capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The right-to-use subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related SBITA.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following useful lives to the cost of the assets:

| | Estimated |
|--|-----------------|
| Asset | Useful Lives |
| Infrastructure | 15-50 years |
| Buildings and system | 20-50 years |
| Substations, lines and related equipment | 24 years |
| Other improvements | 20-40 years |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | 5-25 years |
| Equipment and furniture | 5-20 years |
| Computer equipment | 5 years |

Property, plant and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

| | Estimated |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| | Useful |
| Asset | Lives |
| Furniture and equipment | 3-10 years |
| New facility | 40 years |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet these criteria – pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criteria for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, lease deferrals, pension deferrals, OPEB deferrals, and other deferred inflows.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to 30 days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Reimbursement for Pandemic-Related Expenses

During the 2021 fiscal year, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The Town was allocated \$3,231,911 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two installments. The first installment of \$1,615,955 was received in August 2021, and the second installment of \$1,615,956 was received in August 2022. The Town Council has elected to use the standard allowance of \$3,231,911 for revenue replacement. During the 2022 fiscal year, the Town used \$1,145,923 for vehicles, equipment, and various projects. During the 2023 fiscal year, the Town used \$710,592 on vehicles, equipment, and various projects. During the 2024 fiscal year, the Town used \$1,207,981 on vehicles, equipment, and various projects. Remaining revenue replacement funds will be transferred to the appropriate funds as determined in Ordinance 47-22 as expenditures are incurred.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Perpetual Maintenance – Cemetery resources that are required to be retained in perpetuity for maintenance of the Town's Cemetery.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Leases – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for General Government – portion of fund balance that has been restricted by revenue source for certain general government expenditures.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that has been restricted by revenue source for certain public safety expenditures.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Streets - Paving - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of unexpended motor vehicle taxes.

Restricted for Culture and Recreation – portion of fund balance representing unspent donations received that are restricted by revenue source for specific culture and recreation projects.

Restricted for Future Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for future capital outlay. This classification consists of unexpended debt proceeds.

Restricted fund balance/net position on Exhibit A varies from Exhibit C by the amount of unexpended debt proceeds of \$322,686 at June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes. The Town's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Budget Officer, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, has been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds without limitation.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The Town of Waynesville does not have a formal spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. However, the Finance Officer uses resources in the following hierarchy: loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

The Town of Waynesville has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

| Total fund balance - General Fund | \$ 15,283,908 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Less: | |
| Inventories | 10,916 |
| Leases | 2,556 |
| Stabilization by state statute | 7,291,538 |
| Total available fund balance | \$ 7,978,898 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. At June 30, 2024, outstanding encumbrances in the General Fund totaled \$480,294.

G. Defined Benefit Cost - Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Non-Compliance with North Carolina General Statutes

N.C. General Statute 159-34 requires the Town to have an audit as soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year. The 2024 audit was significantly delayed due to significant turnover in key financial personnel; refer to finding 2024-002 for further information.

Corrective Action Plan: Management has a system in place to have financial reports filed in a timely manner.

N.C. General Statute 159-29 requires that the person designated by the Board as the Finance Director give a true accounting and faithful performance bond in an amount not less than the greater of \$50,000 or an amount equal to ten percent of the unit's annually budgeted funds, up to \$1,000,000. Refer to finding 2024-003 for further information.

Corrective Action Plan: Human Resources will require bonding before assuming a position that requires it. Doing it preemptively will prevent there being an unbonded finance officer in the future.

N.C. General Statute 159-32 requires all collections and receipts greater than \$250 be deposited on a daily basis. Refer to finding 2024-004 for further information.

Corrective Action Plan: Collections supervisor will ensure that receipts greater than \$250 are deposited on a daily basis.

N.C. General Statue 159-28 requires that obligations of the unit be pre-audited in accordance with the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures for the following funds: ARPA Grant Project Fund and the Asset Services Management Internal Service Fund.

Corrective Action Plan: Management concurs. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

3. Detail Notes On All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The Town has no formal investment policy. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2024, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$6,209,656 and a bank balance of \$6,277,333. Of the bank balance, \$652,254 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town's cash on hand totaled \$3,200 at June 30, 2024.

The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$1,408,937 and the bank balance was \$1,369,229. The ABC Board maintains a cash balance at a financial institution which exceeds the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage of \$250,000. At June 30, 2024, the ABC Board's uninsured cash balance was \$1,119,229.

Investments

At June 30, 2024, the Town had \$13,723,339 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's and AAAmf by Moody's Investor Service. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Receivables presented in the balance sheet and the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

| | _ | General Fund | Electric Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Total |
|---------------------|----|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Taxes receivable | \$ | 113,208 | \$ _ | \$ _ | \$ _ | \$ 113,208 |
| Accounts receivable | | 42,679 | 130,749 | 53,460 | 67,377 | 294,265 |
| Total | \$ | 155,887 | \$ 130,749 | \$ 53,460 | \$ 67,377 | \$ 407,473 |

Leases Receivable

Details of the Town's leases receivable at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessor of a 36-month lease for the use of American – Cell Tower. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$63,902. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable and the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,748 and \$470, respectively. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,749, including interest at a rate of 0.8450%. The Town recognized lease revenue was \$21,144 during the fiscal year. The lessee has five options to extend the lease for 60 months.

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessor of a 36-month lease for the use of American – Communication Tower. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$63,903. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable and the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,748 and \$470, respectively. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,749, including interest at a rate of 0.8453%. The Town recognized lease revenue was \$21,144 during the fiscal year. The lessee has five options to extend the lease for 60 months.

Future minimum lease payments receivable as of June 30, 2024 were as follows:

| Year Ending | | | | | |
|-------------|----|---------|------|-------|-------------|
| June 30 | Pr | incipal | Into | erest | Total |
| 2025 | \$ | 3,497 | \$ | 2 | \$ 3,499 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's governmental capital assets follows:

| | July 1, 2023 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2024 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Non-Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,545,318 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,545,318 |
| Public art | 114,547 | - | - | - | 114,547 |
| Construction in progress | 656,657 | 203,327 | | (240,754) | 619,230 |
| Total non-depreciable assets | 3,316,522 | 203,327 | | (240,754) | 3,279,095 |
| Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 1,638,957 | 67,985 | - | - | 1,706,942 |
| Buildings and improvements | 18,974,543 | 336,469 | - | 193,687 | 19,504,699 |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | 4,139,613 | 442,632 | (61,365) | - | 4,520,880 |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | 8,706,026 | 837,991 | (224,351) | - | 9,319,666 |
| Infrastructure | 31,157,828 | 19,206 | | 47,067 | 31,224,101 |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 64,616,967 | 1,704,283 | (285,716) | 240,754 | 66,276,288 |
| Right-to-Use Assets: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 321,284 | 31,481 | - | - | 352,765 |
| Building | 85,355 | - | - | - | 85,355 |
| Equipment | 295,986 | _ | (43,128) | _ | 252,858 |
| Subscriptions | 60,556 | - | - | - | 60,556 |
| Total right-to-use assets | 763,181 | 31,481 | (43,128) | | 751,534 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (1,048,374) | (43,001) | - | _ | (1,091,375) |
| Buildings and improvements | (7,028,261) | (400,380) | - | _ | (7,428,641) |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | (3,503,169) | (160,496) | 61,365 | - | (3,602,300) |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | (5,958,009) | (485,993) | 224,351 | - | (6,219,651) |
| Infrastructure | (27,558,379) | (243,099) | | | (27,801,478) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (45,096,192) | (1,332,969) | 285,716 | | (46,143,445) |
| Less Accumulated Amortization: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (37,966) | (22,131) | - | - | (60,097) |
| Building | (48,774) | (24,387) | - | - | (73,161) |
| Equipment | (141,399) | (55,263) | 43,128 | _ | (153,534) |
| Subscriptions | (7,839) | (19,417) | - | _ | (27,256) |
| Total accumulated amortization | (235,978) | (121,198) | 43,128 | | (314,048) |
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ 23,364,500 | | | | \$ 23,849,424 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| General government | \$ 372,414 |
| Public safety | 476,906 |
| Transportation | 290,299 |
| Environmental protection | 6,968 |
| Culture and recreation | 307,580 |
| Total | \$ 1,454,167 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Proprietary Capital Assets

The capital assets of the proprietary funds of the Town at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

| | July 1, 2023 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2024 |
|---|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Electric Fund: | | | | | |
| Non-Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 230,058 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 230,058 |
| Construction in progress | 394,456 | 655,497 | | (23,545) | 1,026,408 |
| Total non-depreciable assets | 624,514 | 655,497 | | (23,545) | 1,256,466 |
| Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 22,997 | - | - | - | 22,997 |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | 285,139 | 11,684 | - | - | 296,823 |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | 1,009,130 | - | - | - | 1,009,130 |
| Substations, lines, and related equipment | 8,063,358 | | | 23,545 | 8,086,903 |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 9,380,624 | 11,684 | | 23,545 | 9,415,853 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | (22,997) | - | - | - | (22,997) |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | (192,297) | (17,277) | _ | - | (209,574) |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | (911,245) | (33,212) | - | - | (944,457) |
| Substations, lines, and related equipment | (5,660,100) | (195,015) | - | - | (5,855,115) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (6,786,639) | (245,504) | | | (7,032,143) |
| Depreciable capital assets, net | 2,593,985 | | | | 2,383,710 |
| Capital assets, net | 3,218,499 | | | | 3,640,176 |
| Water Fund: | | | | | |
| Non-Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land | 1,486,362 | - | - | - | 1,486,362 |
| Construction in progress | | | | | |
| Total non-depreciable assets | 1,486,362 | | | | 1,486,362 |
| Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 83,691 | - | - | - | 83,691 |
| Buildings and improvements | 1,841,507 | 36,597 | - | - | 1,878,104 |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | 427,895 | 38,762 | - | - | 466,657 |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | 1,091,582 | - | (26,665) | - | 1,064,917 |
| Plant and distribution systems | 26,216,209 | 545,668 | | | 26,761,877 |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 29,660,884 | 621,027 | (26,665) | | 30,255,246 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | July 1, 2023 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2024 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Water Fund (continued): | | | | | |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (58,885) | (3,834) | - | - | (62,719) |
| Buildings and improvements | (1,306,317) | (27,754) | - | - | (1,334,071) |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | (390,209) | (12,655) | - | - | (402,864) |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | (736,993) | (51,348) | 26,665 | - | (761,676) |
| Plant and distribution systems | (15,757,097) | (557,945) | | | (16,315,042) |
| Accumulated depreciation | (18,249,501) | (653,536) | 26,665 | | (18,876,372) |
| Depreciable capital assets, net | 11,411,383 | | | | 11,378,874 |
| Capital assets, net | 12,897,745 | | | | 12,865,236 |
| Sewer Fund: | | | | | |
| Non-Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land | 110,500 | - | - | - | 110,500 |
| Construction in progress | 7,484,601 | 15,331,049 | - | - | 22,815,650 |
| Total non-depreciable assets | 7,595,101 | 15,331,049 | | | 22,926,150 |
| Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 67,912 | - | - | - | 67,912 |
| Buildings and improvements | 8,703,801 | _ | _ | _ | 8,703,801 |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | 523,748 | 182,412 | - | - | 706,160 |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | 1,085,277 | 24,389 | _ | _ | 1,109,666 |
| Plant and distribution systems | 10,312,104 | - | - | - | 10,312,104 |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 20,692,842 | 206,801 | | | 20,899,643 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (37,530) | (3,346) | - | - | (40,876) |
| Buildings and improvements | (8,005,027) | (151,870) | - | - | (8,156,897) |
| Equipment, furniture, and fixtures | (451,144) | (41,267) | - | - | (492,411) |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | (605,231) | (54,620) | - | - | (659,851) |
| Plant and distribution systems | (6,407,461) | (213,089) | - | - | (6,620,550) |
| Accumulated depreciation | (15,506,393) | (464,192) | | | (15,970,585) |
| Depreciable capital assets, net | 5,186,449 | | | | 4,929,058 |
| Capital assets, net | 12,781,550 | | | | 27,855,208 |
| Business-type capital assets, net | \$ 28,897,794 | | | | \$ 44,360,620 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The total net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024, is composed of the following elements:

| | Go | vernmental | Electric | Water | Sewer |
|----------------------------------|----|-------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Activities | Fund | Fund | Fund |
| Capital assets, net | \$ | 23,849,424 | \$ 3,640,176 | \$ 12,865,236 | \$ 27,855,208 |
| Less: long-term debt | | (4,869,688) | - | (526,969 | (9,787,774) |
| Add: unspent debt proceeds | | 322,686 | | | <u> </u> |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 19,302,422 | \$ 3,640,176 | \$ 12,338,267 | \$ 18,067,434 |

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2024. At year-end, the Town's commitments with contractors are as follows:

| | | Project | Remaining | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Project | Aut | thorization | Commitment | | |
| Governmental: | | | | | |
| Recreation pedestrian bridge | \$ | 380,000 | \$ | 31,911 | |
| Business-Type: | | | | | |
| Sewer Fund: | | | | | |
| WWTP upgrade design | | 1,640,000 | | 143,482 | |
| WWTP Construction | | 25,725,000 | | 5,745,104 | |
| Water Fund: | | | | | |
| Floc Basin Canal Gate Replacement | | 153,745 | | 153,745 | |
| Electric Fund: | | | | | |
| Russ Ave/Walnut St project | | 1,750,000 | | 1,148,001 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the Town of Waynesville ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

| | July 1, 2023 | Additions | Retirements Transfers | | June 30, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------------------|------|---------------|
| Non-Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 509,646 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 509,646 |
| Depreciable Assets: | | | | | |
| New facility | 843,569 | - | - | - | 843,569 |
| Furniture and equipment | 158,537 | | | | 158,537 |
| Total depreciable capital assets | 1,002,106 | | | | 1,002,106 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| New facility | (195,971) | (21,996) | - | - | (217,967) |
| Furniture and equipment | (121,637) | (10,132) | | | (131,769) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (317,608) | (32,128) | | | (349,736) |
| Total depreciable capital assets, net | 684,498 | | | | 652,370 |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 1,194,144 | | | | \$ 1,162,016 |

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

| | Vendors | laries and Benefits | rformance Bonds | ccrued nterest | Total |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Governmental Activities | \$ 283,904 | \$ 472,737 | \$ 314,910 | \$ | \$ 1,071,551 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | |
| Electric Fund | \$ 437,184 | \$ 14,268 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 451,452 |
| Water Fund | 109,025 | 41,887 | - | 1,498 | 152,410 |
| Sewer Fund | 2,076,864 | 50,887 | | | 2,127,751 |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 2,623,073 | \$ 107,042 | \$ - | \$ 1,498 | \$ 2,731,613 |

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina. The state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Waynesville employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 14.10% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.85% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,357,415 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the Town reported a liability of \$7,508,528 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the Town's proportion was 0.11337% (measured as of June 30, 2023), which was an increase of 0.00306% from its proportion as of June 30, 2023, (measured as of June 30, 2022).

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,084,153. At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Deferred | Deferred | | |
|---|----|-------------|----------|----------|--|
| | O | outflows of | In | flows of | |
| | F | Resources | Re | esources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 836,672 | \$ | 18,012 | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 319,069 | | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | | | |
| pension plan investments | | 2,009,611 | | - | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 49,006 | | 45,565 | |
| Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 1,357,415 | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 4,571,773 | \$ | 63,577 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

\$1,357,415 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| June 30 | Total |
| 2025 | \$ 1,118,439 |
| 2026 | 592,311 |
| 2027 | 1,355,055 |
| 2028 | 84,976 |
| 2029 | - |
| Thereafter | _ |
| Total | \$ 3,150,781 |

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increase 3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

The plan currently uses mortality rates that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation, with the exception of the discount rate, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared as of December 31, 2019, and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 28, 2021.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The projected long-term investment returns, and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income returns projections reflect current yields across the United States Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| | Target | Expected Real |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Rate of Return |
| Fixed income | 33.0% | 0.9% |
| Global equity | 38.0% | 6.5% |
| Real estate | 8.0% | 5.9% |
| Alternatives | 8.0% | 8.2% |
| Opportunistic fixed income | 7.0% | 5.0% |
| Inflation sensitive | 6.0% | 2.7% |
| Total | <u>100.0%</u> | |

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset, liability and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. This discount is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rate, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | Decrease (5.50%) | Rate (6.50%) | Increase (7.50%) |
| Town's proportionate share of | | | |
| the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 13,008,229 | \$ 7,508,528 | \$ 2,980,658 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the separation Allowance.

At December 31, 2022, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

| Retirees receiving benefits | 7 |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| Terminated program members entitled | |
| to, but not yet receiving, benefits | - |
| Active program members | 37 |
| Total | 44 |

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2022, valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75%, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 4.00%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and set forward by one year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are set back three years for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-Median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are set forward three years. Rates for female members are set forward one year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-Median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees are used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior To Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Contributions. The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this Plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town paid \$94,634 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions,

At June 30, 2024, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$1,840,287. The total pension, liability was measured at December 31, 2023, based on a December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension expense of \$234,551.

| | Οι | eferred atflows of esources | In | eferred flows of sources |
|---|----|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 179,306 | \$ | - |
| Changes of assumptions and other inputs | | 192,541 | | 230,233 |
| Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense | | | | |
| made subsequent to the measurement date | | 51,783 | | |
| Total | \$ | 423,630 | \$ | 230,233 |

\$51,783 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-------------|---------------|
| June 30 | Total |
| 2025 | \$ 82,955 |
| 2026 | 74,582 |
| 2027 | (8,102) |
| 2028 | (27,822) |
| 2029 | 18,349 |
| Thereafter | 1,652 |
| Total | \$ 141,614 |
| | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.00%, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% Increase | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Decrease | Rate | | | |
| | (3.00%) | (4.00%) | (5.00%) | | |
| Total pension liability | \$ 1,997,197 | \$ 1,840,287 | \$ 1,697,116 | | |

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| | 2024 |
|---|--------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 1,684,801 |
| Service cost | 67,798 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 70,576 |
| Differences between expected and actual | |
| experience in the measurement of the | |
| total pension liability | 68,956 |
| Changes of assumption or other inputs | 42,790 |
| Benefit payments | (94,634) |
| Ending balance of the total pension liability | \$ 1,840,287 |

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 4.31 percent at December 31, 2022, to 4.00 percent at December 31, 2023.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled, and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality tables also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ended December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

| | LGERS | _] | LEOSSA | Total |
|--|-----------------|----|-----------|-----------------|
| Pension expense | \$ 2,084,153 | \$ | 234,551 | \$ 2,318,704 |
| Pension liability | 7,508,528 | | 1,840,287 | 9,348,815 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | 0.11337% | | NA | NA |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 836,672 | \$ | 179,306 | \$ 1,015,978 |
| Changes of assumptions | 319,069 | | 192,541 | 511,610 |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | 2,009,611 | | - | 2,009,611 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 49,006 | | - | 49,006 |
| Benefit payments and administration costs paid | | | | 1 100 100 |
| subsequent to the measurement date | 1,357,415 | | 51,783 | 1,409,198 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | \$ 4,571,773 | \$ | 423,630 | \$ 4,995,403 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 18,012 | \$ | - | \$ 18,012 |
| Changes of assumptions | - | | 230,233 | 230,233 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 45,565 | | | 45,565 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | \$ 63,577 | \$ | 230,233 | \$ 293,810 |

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and employees not engaged in law enforcement. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina. The state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the Pension Trust Fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Town made contributions of \$150,079 for the reporting year. No amounts have been forfeited.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for General Employees

Plan Description. The Town has elected, effective January 1, 2004, to contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan) for general employees in addition to law enforcement officers.

Funding Policy. Effective January 1, 2004, the Town commenced contributions of 3% for all covered employees. Effective January 1, 2005, this percentage increased to 5%.

The Town made contributions of \$362,275 for the reporting year. No amounts have been forfeited.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) or Law Enforcement Officers Retirement System and meet the requirements enumerated below. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers.

Also, the Town's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the Town's group rates. The Town reserves the right to change benefits at its discretion without prior notice to retirees. A separate report was not issued for the plan. A retiree shall receive health insurance coverage under the following conditions:

Health Insurance for Retirees (Amended 02-10-2015)

Retirees must meet the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees Retirement System (NCLGERS) or the North Carolina Law Enforcement Officers Retirement System's (NCLEORS) eligibility guidelines for retirement.

- 1. A retiree who has achieved at least ten (10) or more consecutive years of service with the Town, not including any accumulated sick or vacation time, and has reached 55 years of age, will receive health insurance coverage, at no cost to the retiree, until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility through age or disability.
- 2. A retiree of any age, who has achieved thirty (30) or more years of creditable service under the NCLGERS or the NCLEORS, with at least half of that time (15 or more years) having been in active service with the Town of Waynesville, will receive health insurance coverage, at no cost to the retiree, from the date of separation from the Town of Waynesville, regardless of age at the time of separation, until the retiree becomes Medicare eligible through age or disability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

When the retiree and/or spouse reach the age of 65 and the Town's regular health insurance coverage terminates, the retiree may have the option of purchasing Medicare supplement insurance, if available through the Town's insurance program. The retiree and/or spouse would be responsible for the full cost of Medicare supplemental insurance premium.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

| | General | |
|--|-----------|--|
| | Employees | |
| Retirees and dependents receiving benefits | 28 | |
| Terminated plan members entitled to, but | | |
| not yet receiving, benefits | - | |
| Active plan members | 165 | |
| Total | 193 | |

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$8,160,520 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

| _ ~ . | |
|---|--|
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Real wage growth | 0.75% |
| Wage inflation | 3.25% |
| Salary increases, including wage inflation: | |
| General employees | 3.25%-8.41% |
| Firefighters | 3.25%-8.15% |
| Law enforcement officers | 3.25%-7.90% |
| Municipal Bond Index Rate: | |
| Prior measurement date | 3.54% |
| Measurement date | 3.65% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: | |
| Pre-Medicare medical and | 7.00% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate |
| prescription drug | rate of 4.50% by 2032 |
| | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

| | tal OPEB |
|--|----------------------|
| | <u>Liability</u> |
| Balance at July 1, 2023 | \$ 7,995,971 |
| Changes for the year: | |
| Service cost | 356,776 |
| Interest | 289,213 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (32,775) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | (79,683) |
| Benefit payments | (368,982) |
| Net changes | 164,549 |
| Balance at June 30, 2024 | \$ 8,160,520 |

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.54% to 3.65%.

The Town selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, healthcare cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% | | Ι | Discount | 1% | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| | Decrease (2.65%) | | Rate (3.65%) | | Increase (4.65%) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 8,922,763 | \$ | 8,160,520 | \$ | 7,480,297 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | | 1% | | | | 1% | |
|----------------------|----------|-----------|----|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| | Decrease | | (| Current | Increase | | |
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 7,368,112 | \$ | 8,160,520 | \$ | 9,096,810 | |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$823,462. At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred | | Deferred | | |
|--|----------|------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| | 0 | utflows of | Ir | nflows of | |
| | R | esources | Resources | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 509,490 | \$ | 803,502 | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 1,156,298 | | 669,041 | |
| Benefit payments and plan administrative expense | | | | | |
| made subsequent to the measurement date | | 215,173 | | _ | |
| Total | \$ | 1,880,961 | \$ | 1,472,543 | |

\$215,173 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-------------|---------------|
| June 30 | Total |
| 2025 | \$ 185,366 |
| 2026 | 190,401 |
| 2027 | 126,440 |
| 2028 | 29,416 |
| 2029 | (237,604) |
| Thereafter | (100,774) |
| Total | \$ 193,245 |
| | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death, are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial. The Town provides additional death benefits to employees through its group health insurance plan.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, which is available to all Town employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, and rights (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) are solely the property and rights of the Town (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the Town's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of the general creditors of the Town in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

In accordance with IRS Regulations, the funds are placed with a third-party trustee and accordingly are not included in the financial statements of the Town.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

| | Amount |
|--|-----------------|
| Contributions to pension plan in the current fiscal year - LGERS | \$ 1,357,415 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience - LGERS | 836,672 |
| Changes of assumptions - LGERS | 319,069 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earning on | |
| pension plan investment - LGERS | 2,009,611 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions - | |
| LGERS | 49,006 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience - LEOSSA | 179,306 |
| Changes of assumptions - LEOSSA | 192,541 |
| Plan administrative expense made subsequent to the | |
| measurement date - LEOSSA | 51,783 |
| Benefit payments and administrative expenses for OPEB | |
| made subsequent to measurement date | 215,173 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience - OPEB | 509,490 |
| Changes of assumptions - OPEB | 1,156,298 |
| Total | \$ 6,876,364 |

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following elements:

| | Sta | atement of | Ger | neral Fund |
|--|-----|-------------|-----|------------|
| | Ne | et Position | Bal | ance Sheet |
| Taxes receivable (General Fund) | \$ | - | \$ | 165,015 |
| Prepaid taxes (General Fund) | | 4,615 | | 4,615 |
| Lease deferrals | | 941 | | 941 |
| Other deferred inflows | | 102,723 | | 102,723 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience - LGERS | | 18,012 | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience - OPEB | | 803,502 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions - LGERS | | 45,565 | | - |
| Changes of assumptions - LEOSSA | | 230,233 | | - |
| Changes of assumptions - OPEB | | 669,041 | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,874,632 | \$ | 273,294 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in risk-financing through Tokio Marine/HCC Insurance for property and liability insurance. The Town's obtains workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits through Bitco Insurance Companies.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not carry flood insurance because it is not located in an area that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access at any given time to \$100 or more of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is individually bonded for \$1,000,000 and the Tax Collector is individually bonded for \$125,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond up to a limit of between \$5,000 and \$125,000 per occurrence, depending on the type of crime.

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

The Town is under a Special Order of Consent for the wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) due to being unable to consistently comply with effluent limitations for Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and fecal coliform as set forth in the NCDES Permit NC0025321. The Town has been working for several years on planning, design, and construction of improvements to the current WWTP. Funding for the majority of the project has been secured and the construction contract was awarded in July 2022. Construction is projected to complete within Fiscal Year 2026. The Town is using ARP funds to reduce I&I as required by the SOC.

Long-Term Obligations

Lease Liabilities

The Town has entered into agreements to lease certain land improvements, buildings, and equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessee of a 72-month lease for the use of Blue Ridge Southern Railroad – Parking Lot. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$13,984. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$7,446. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$188, including interest at a rate of 1.3351%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$6,992 at June 30, 2024.

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessee of a 119-month lease for the use of Boundary Street – Parking Lot. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$71,671. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$52,768. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$600, including interest at a rate of 1.7222%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$49,989 at June 30, 2024.

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessee of a 42-month lease for the use of Chambers – Communication Tower. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$85,355. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$20,938. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,500, including interest at a rate of 1.0112%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$12,193 at June 30, 2024.

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessee of a 58-month lease for the use of Digital Copiers – Sharp Electronics. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$237,175. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$91,470. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,205, including interest at a rate of 1.1771%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$90,132 at June 30, 2024.

On June 6, 2022, the Town was the lessee of a 60-month lease for the use of Quadient. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$15,683. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$8,840. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$839, including interest at a rate of 2.8680%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$9,192 at June 30, 2024.

On the implementation date of July 1, 2021, the Town was the lessee of a 300-month lease for the use of Viola N. Forga Living Trust #3245. A modified lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$230,229. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$215,165. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$850, including interest at a rate of 2.7570%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$207,354 at June 30, 2024. The Town has four extension options each for 60 months. The Town had a termination period of three months as of the lease commencement. The lessor had a termination period of three months as of the lease commencement.

On July 1, 2023, the Town was the lessee of a 120-month lease for the use of Parking Lot Lease-Corner of Haywood and Church Streets. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$31,481. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$28,646. The Town is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$300, including interest at a rate of 2.7730%. As a result of the lease, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$28,334 at June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----|-----------|----|---------|-------|---------|--|
| June 30 | P | Principal | | nterest | Total | | |
| 2025 | \$ | 90,975 | \$ | 8,656 | \$ | 99,631 | |
| 2026 | | 62,905 | | 7,542 | | 70,447 | |
| 2027 | | 21,548 | | 6,828 | | 28,376 | |
| 2028 | | 17,446 | | 6,381 | | 23,827 | |
| 2029 | | 18,017 | | 5,972 | | 23,989 | |
| 2030-2034 | | 70,196 | | 23,938 | | 94,134 | |
| 2035-2039 | | 52,623 | | 16,495 | | 69,118 | |
| 2040-2044 | | 63,577 | | 8,413 | | 71,990 | |
| 2045-2046 | | 27,986 | | 811 | | 28,797 | |
| Total | \$ | 425,273 | \$ | 85,036 | \$ | 510,309 | |

Subscription Liabilities

The Town has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The SBITAs qualify as other than short-term SBITAs under GASB 96 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum subscription payments as of the date of their inception.

On May 14, 2023, the Town entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Debtbook. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$37,949. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$12,646. The Town is required to make annual fixed payments of \$13,000, including interest at a rate of 2.7960%. As a result of the subscription, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$24,895 at June 30, 2024.

On July 1, 2022, the Town entered into a 40-month subscription for the use of Digital Ally PD. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$20,607. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability was \$6,929. The Town is required to make annual fixed payments of \$7,092, including interest at a rate of 2.3540%. As a result of the subscription, the Town has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$8,405 at June 30, 2024.

The future minimum subscription obligations and the net present value of these minimum subscription payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

| Year Ending | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----|-----------|----|----------|----|--------------|--|--|
| June 30 | P | Principal | | Interest | | Total | | |
| 2025 | \$ | 19,575 | \$ | 517 | \$ | 20,092 | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Notes Payable

Notes payable at June 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual agreements:

Business-Type Activities:

\$329,868 installment purchase contract with North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) dated March 14, 2014, payable in annual installments of \$16,493 at 0% interest until 2034.

\$ 165,073

\$904,740 installment purchase contract with the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) dated November 1, 2010, payable in 20 annual principal installments of \$45,237 beginning May 1, 2013 and 40 semi-annual interest payments at 2.22%. The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) project replaced water lines in the Dayton Drive community.

361,896

\$24,045,900 state revolving loan with North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) dated July 12, 2022 Payable in 20 annual principal installments of \$1,202,295 at 0% interest until 2045. As of June 30, 2024, only \$9,787,774 have been drawn down.

9,787,774

Total business-type activities long-term debt

\$ 10,314,743

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's business-type activities direct borrowing installment purchases are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2025 | \$ 45,237 | \$ 8,034 | \$ 53,271 |
| 2026 | 1,263,979 | 7,030 | 1,271,009 |
| 2027 | 1,263,979 | 6,026 | 1,270,005 |
| 2028 | 1,263,979 | 5,021 | 1,269,000 |
| 2029 | 1,263,979 | 4,017 | 1,267,996 |
| 2030-2034 | 5,196,540 | 6,026 | 5,202,566 |
| 2035-2039 | 17,050 | | 17,050 |
| Total | \$ 10,314,743 | \$ 36,154 | \$ 10,350,897 |

The Town's outstanding notes payable to NCDEQ are not secured by a pledge of faith and credit of the state of North Carolina or of the Town but is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. The note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) any other monies due to the Town from the state may be withheld by the state and applied to the payment of the outstanding note.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental Activities:

| \$1,300,000 installment purchase contract dated October 4, 2016 with a balance of \$843,344 refinanced on May 10, 2022, payable in semi-annual installments of \$93,709 principal plus interest at 2.00% until April 2031. Secured by the public works facility. | \$ | 655,959 |
|---|----|-----------|
| \$2,000,000 USDA rural development loan dated September 26, 2008 with a balance of \$1,694,510 was refinanced on December 21, 2021, payable in annual installments of \$141,209 principal plus interest at 1.99% until December 2033. Secured by fire station building. | | 1,412,091 |
| \$3,000,000 installment purchase contract dated May 13, 2008, payable in 40 semi-annual installments of \$105,669 including interest at 3.58%. Secured by police station building. | | 781,128 |
| \$894,996 installment purchase contract dated May 10, 2022, payable in annual installments of \$59,667 including interest at 2.01% until April 2037. Secured by fire tanker and related equipment. | | 775,662 |
| \$800,000 installment purchase contract dated August 15, 2023, payable in annual installments of \$76,502 including interest at 4.89% until August 2038. Secured by fire truck and related equipment. | _ | 800,000 |
| Total governmental activities long-term debt | \$ | 4,424,840 |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's governmental activities direct borrowing installment purchases are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | 1 | Principal | 1 | Interest | Total |
|--------------------------|----|-----------|----|----------|-----------------|
| 2025 | \$ | 516,982 | \$ | 122,254 | \$ 639,236 |
| 2026 | | 525,491 | | 107,861 | 633,352 |
| 2027 | | 534,333 | | 93,133 | 627,466 |
| 2028 | | 543,519 | | 78,064 | 621,583 |
| 2029 | | 339,833 | | 64,530 | 404,363 |
| 2030-2034 | | 1,453,471 | | 204,587 | 1,658,058 |
| 2035-2038 | | 511,211 | | 57,482 | 568,693 |
| Total governmental funds | \$ | 4,424,840 | \$ | 727,911 | \$ 5,152,751 |

The Town had installment purchases of \$4,424,840 as of June 30, 2024. In the event of default, the lender, at its sole discretion, may declare the outstanding indebtedness immediately due and payable. The lender can also enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property. This debt also requires a reserve amount equal to one year's debt payment for each loan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

A summary of changes in long-term obligations is as follows:

| | July 1, 2023 | Additions | Retirements | June 30, 2024 | Current Portion | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Direct borrowing | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | \$ 4,097,990 | \$ 800,000 | \$ 473,150 | \$ 4,424,840 | \$ 516,982 | | |
| Lease liabilities | 505,940 | 31,481 | 112,148 | 425,273 | 90,975 | | |
| Subscription liabilities | 38,647 | - | 19,072 | 19,575 | 19,575 | | |
| Total pension liability (LEOSSA) | 1,684,801 | 155,486 | - | 1,840,287 | - | | |
| Legal claims | 5,000 | - | 5,000 | - | - | | |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | 4,972,884 | 1,027,218 | - | 6,000,102 | - | | |
| Total OPEB liability | 6,496,166 | 133,685 | - | 6,629,851 | 229,134 | | |
| Compensated absences | 453,621 | 262,401 | 236,473 | 479,549 | 236,473 | | |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 18,255,049 | \$ 2,410,271 | \$ 845,843 | \$ 19,819,477 | \$ 1,093,139 | | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Electric Fund: | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | \$ 212,847 | \$ 43,963 | \$ - | \$ 256,810 | \$ - | | |
| Total OPEB liability | 252,098 | 5,188 | - | 257,286 | 8,892 | | |
| Compensated absences | 16,572 | 8,290 | 5,263 | 19,599 | 5,263 | | |
| Total Electric Fund | 481,517 | 57,441 | 5,263 | 533,695 | 14,155 | | |
| Water Fund: | | | | | | | |
| Direct borrowing | | | | | | | |
| installment purchases | 588,653 | - | 61,684 | 526,969 | 45,237 | | |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | 525,769 | 108,622 | - | 634,391 | - | | |
| Total OPEB liability | 618,208 | 12,722 | - | 630,930 | 21,806 | | |
| Compensated absences | 58,896 | 31,854 | 29,796 | 60,954 | 29,796 | | |
| Total Water Fund | 1,791,526 | 153,198 | 91,480 | 1,853,244 | 96,839 | | |
| Sewer Fund: | | | | | | | |
| State revolving loans | - | 9,787,774 | - | 9,787,774 | - | | |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | 511,559 | 105,666 | - | 617,225 | - | | |
| Total OPEB liability | 629,499 | 12,954 | - | 642,453 | 22,204 | | |
| Compensated absences | 42,986 | 23,333 | 36,510 | 29,809 | 29,809 | | |
| Total Sewer Fund | 1,184,044 | 9,929,727 | 36,510 | 11,077,261 | 52,013 | | |
| Total Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Direct borrowing | 500 653 | 0.707.77 | (1.66) | 10.214.742 | 45.00= | | |
| installment purchases | 588,653 | 9,787,774 | 61,684 | 10,314,743 | 45,237 | | |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | 1,250,175 | 258,251 | - | 1,508,426 | - | | |
| Total OPEB liability | 1,499,805 | 30,864 | 71.5(0 | 1,530,669 | 52,902 | | |
| Compensated absences | 118,454 | 63,477 | 71,569 | 110,362 | 64,868 | | |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 3,457,087 | \$10,140,366 | \$ 133,253 | \$ 13,464,200 | \$ 163,007 | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Compensated absences and other post-employment benefits typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2024, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$131,127,184.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

| Payable To | Receivable From | Amount | Purpose | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| General Fund | Sewer Fund | \$ 4,319,527 | Short-term operating loan | | | | |

Advances between funds consist of a loan to the General Fund from the Electric Fund of \$800,000 on February 11, 2020, with a balance of \$576,483 at June 30, 2024. The purpose of the interfund loan was for recreation center improvements. Terms of the interfund loan are 2% interest payable semiannually starting July 1, 2021, for a period of 10 years.

The following interfund transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2024:

| From To | | Amount | Purpose | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Electric Fund | General Fund | \$ 1,275,600 | Payment in lieu of taxes Walnut Street/Russ Avenue | | | | |
| Electric Fund | Electric Capital Project Fund | \$ 1,875,600 | Improvements | | | | |
| Sewer Fund | Sewer Capital Project Fund | \$ 588,460 | Reallocated grant expenditures | | | | |
| ARPA Grant Project Fund | Water Fund | \$ 134,181 | | | | | |
| ARPA Grant Project Fund | Sewer Fund | 46,567 | | | | | |
| | | \$ 180,748 | Payment for grant related expenditures | | | | |
| Asset Management Fund | General Fund | \$ 168,578 | Close out Asset Management Fund to General Fund | | | | |

4. Jointly Governed Organization

The nine-member Board of the Waynesville Housing Authority is appointed by the Mayor of the Town of Waynesville. The Housing Authority acts as a municipal corporation and is governed through Article 1 of Chapter 157 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Town of Waynesville is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the Town of Waynesville Housing Authority. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority can be obtained from the Authority at P.O. Box 418, Waynesville, North Carolina 28786.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Town is member of Electri-Cities of North Carolina and is categorized as a "non-agency member". The Town negotiates and purchases its wholesale power through direct contract with the generating entity. The Town is represented a Town official appointed by the Board of Alderman. The "non-agency" electric distributors are represented on the Electric-Cities Board by a members elected among the "non-agency" entities. The Town currently purchases its power from Santee Cooper Power Corporation through a ten-year contract that extends through 2026.

5. Related Party Transactions

The Town and its discretely presented component unit engaged in the following transactions during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Town of Waynesville ABC Board:

| Payments to the Town for profit distributions | \$ 335,235 |
|---|---------------|
| Payments to the Town for law enforcement | 43,148 |
| Payments to the Town for education and rehabilitation | 33,560 |
| Total | \$ 411,943 |

At June 30, 2024, the ABC Board owed the Town \$283,921 related to the above transactions.

6. Summary Disclosures of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreement. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

7. Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2022, the LGC approved a State Revolving Loan in the amount of \$24,045,900. On September 10, 2024, the Town approved an increase of the amount of the loan to \$29,243,000. As of 6/30/2024 \$9,787,774 has been drawn down. The Town does not have to start making principal payments until May of 2026.

The Town has applied to receive two cash flow loans from the NC State Treasurer totaling \$835,708. On June 13, 2025, the Town received their first cash flow loan from the NC State Treasurer's Office in the amount of \$503,482.76. This is a cash flow loan to help replenish fund balance to fund projects from hurricane Helene. The Town starts repayment in FY26 with a \$1 payment due. This loan helps the Town apply for grants and principal forgiveness under new programs from the state.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

On September 10, 2024, the Town approved Capital Project Ordinances O-44-24 and O-45-24 for the CDBG Grant South Waynesville Phase II Sanitary Public Water System Improvement in the amounts of \$613,500 and \$1,376,957.

On September 10, 2024, the Town approved a grant project ordinance for "LASII Planning – Comprehensive Stormwater Master Plan Project Local Assistance for Stormwater Infrastructure Investment Program FY22 American Rescue Plan Act Grant (ARPA) Project #SRP-SW-ARP-0060" in the amount of \$440,000. Grant funds were awarded by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Division of Water Infrastructure (DWI).





OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Other Post-Employment Benefits

| | ici i ost | Binproymen | 01101105 | | |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Service cost | \$ | 356,776 | \$ 476,723 | \$ 454,923 | \$ 300,145 |
| Interest | | 289,213 | 209,465 | 190,437 | 220,693 |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | |
| actual experience | | (32,775) | (935,748) | (40,719) | 1,042,060 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | (79,683) | (796,473) | 793,024 | 885,366 |
| Benefit payments | | (368,982) | (355,577) | (322,649) | (259,883) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 164,549 | (1,401,610) | 1,075,016 | 2,188,381 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 7,995,971 | 9,397,581 | 8,322,565 | 6,134,184 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ | 8,160,520 | \$ 7,995,971 | \$ 9,397,581 | \$ 8,322,565 |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 7,887,978 | \$ 7,887,978 | \$ 7,079,757 | \$ 7,079,757 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 103.46% | 101.37% | 132.74% | 117.55% |

Notes to the Required Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

| Fiscal Year | Rate |
|-------------|-------|
| 2024 | 3.65% |
| 2023 | 3.54% |
| 2022 | 2.16% |
| 2021 | 2.21% |
| 2020 | 3.50% |
| 2019 | 3.89% |
| 2018 | 3.56% |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria for GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the pension/OPEB Fund.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Other Post-Employment Benefits

| Other rost | Employment Be | 71101105 | | |
|--|---------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Service cost | \$ | 279,620 | \$ 228,792 | \$ 244,994 |
| Interest | | 215,255 | 169,843 | 144,991 |
| Differences between expected and | | | | |
| actual experience | | 24,503 | (307,109) | (5,983) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 194,225 | 883,376 | (219,892) |
| Benefit payments | | (223,823) | (200,977) | (219,593) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 489,780 | 773,925 | (55,483) |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 5,644,404 | 4,870,479 | 4,925,962 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ | 6,134,184 | \$ 5,644,404 | \$ 4,870,479 |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 7,044,416 | \$ 7,044,416 | \$ 6,544,442 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 87.08% | 80.13% | 74.42% |

TOWN OF WAYNESVILLE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

| Eocai Governmental Employees Retriement System | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) | | 0.11337% | | 0.11031% | | 0.10996% | | 0.11729% | | 0.12472% |
| Town's proportion of the net | | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ | 7,508,528 | \$ | 6,223,059 | \$ | 1,686,342 | \$ | 4,191,271 | \$ | 3,406,006 |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ | 9,296,929 | \$ | 8,578,644 | \$ | 7,749,833 | \$ | 7,704,282 | \$ | 7,998,194 |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | | 80.76% | | 72.54% | | 21.76% | | 54.40% | | 42.58% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability** | | 82.49% | | 84.14% | | 95.51% | | 88.61% | | 90.86% |

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF WAYNESVILLE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) | 0.12620% | 0.12672% | 0.11592% | 0.11821% | 0.11235% |
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ 2,993,896 | \$ 1,935,931 | \$ 2,460,207 | \$ 530,519 | \$ (620,080) |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 7,673,190 | \$ 7,510,818 | \$ 7,197,159 | \$ 6,490,657 | \$ 6,367,343 |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | 39.02% | 25.78% | 34.18% | 8.17% | (9.74%) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability** | 91.63% | 94.18% | 91.47% | 98.09% | 102.64% |

TOWN OF WAYNESVILLE'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 1,357,415 | \$ 1,150,585 | \$ 992,009 | \$ 804,092 | \$ 707,272 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 1,357,415 | 1,150,585 | 992,009 | 804,092 | 707,272 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | <u> </u> | \$ - | <u> </u> |
| Town's covered payroll | \$10,298,659 | \$ 9,296,929 | \$ 8,578,644 | \$ 7,749,833 | \$ 7,704,282 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 13.18% | 12.38% | 11.56% | 10.38% | 9.18% |

TOWN OF WAYNESVILLE'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 636,799 \$ 593,861 \$ 564,103 \$ Contractually required contribution \$ 485,425 \$ 463,628 Contributions in relation to the 636,799 593,861 564,103 485,425 463,628 contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Town's covered payroll \$ 7,998,194 \$ 7,673,190 \$ 7,510,818 \$ 7,197,159 \$ 6,490,657 Contributions as a percentage of 7.96% covered payroll 7.74% 7.51% 6.74% 7.14%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Beginning balance | \$ | 1,684,801 | \$ | 1,960,969 | \$ | 1,834,928 | \$ | 1,345,260 |
| Service cost | | 67,798 | | 82,343 | | 90,018 | | 48,646 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 70,576 | | 42,880 | | 34,280 | | 41,981 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | | | | | | | |
| in the measurement of the total pension liability | | 68,956 | | 13,585 | | 172,557 | | 58,469 |
| Changes of assumption or other inputs | | 42,790 | | (304,616) | | (53,264) | | 455,562 |
| Benefit payments | | (94,634) | | (110,360) | | (117,550) | | (114,990) |
| Ending balance of the total pension liability | \$ | 1,840,287 | \$ | 1,684,801 | \$ | 1,960,969 | \$ | 1,834,928 |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 1,256,230 | \$ 1,189,141 | \$ 1,088,441 | \$ 1,096,940 |
| Service cost | 50,038 | 54,748 | 46,268 | 46,071 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 43,929 | 36,319 | 40,718 | 37,962 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | | | |
| in the measurement of the total pension liability | 55,612 | 103,109 | 7,590 | - |
| Changes of assumption or other inputs | 38,221 | (47,451) | 73,259 | (25,397) |
| Benefit payments | (98,770) | (79,636) | (67,135) | (67,135) |
| Ending balance of the total pension liability | \$ 1,345,260 | \$ 1,256,230 | \$ 1,189,141 | \$ 1,088,441 |

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A
PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER'S SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| | | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|----|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|------|-----------|
| Total pension liability | \$ | 1,840,287 | \$ 1,684,801 | \$ 1,960,969 | \$ | 1,834,928 |
| Covered-employee payroll | | 2,319,615 | 1,914,611 | 1,982,932 | | 1,774,744 |
| Total pension liability as a percentage | | | | | | |
| of covered-employee payroll | | 79.34% | 88.00% | 98.89% | | 103.39% |

Notes to the Schedules:

The Town of Waynesville has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A
PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER'S SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Total pension liability | \$ 1,345,260 | \$ 1,256,230 | \$ 1,189,141 | \$ 1,088,441 |
| Covered-employee payroll | 1,993,820 | 2,050,493 | 1,939,905 | 1,716,584 |
| Total pension liability as a percentage | | | | |
| of covered-employee payroll | 67.47% | 61.26% | 61.30% | 63.41% |

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Ad Valorem Taxes: | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 7,392,300 | \$ 7,407,656 | \$ 15,356 | | |
| Penalties and interest | 50,000 | 50,876 | 876 | | |
| Total | 7,442,300 | 7,458,532 | 16,232 | | |
| Other Taxes and Licenses: | | | | | |
| Privilege licenses | 150 | 100 | (50) | | |
| Cable TV franchise tax | 100,000 | 88,011 | (11,989) | | |
| Gross receipts tax on vehicle rentals | 20,000 | 31,251 | 11,251 | | |
| Local option sales tax | 4,500,000 | 4,627,878 | 127,878 | | |
| Total | 4,620,150 | 4,747,240 | 127,090 | | |
| Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues: | | | | | |
| Franchise tax | 722,000 | 854,306 | 132,306 | | |
| Beer and wine tax | 40,000 | 51,345 | 11,345 | | |
| ABC Board profit distribution | 130,000 | 368,795 | 238,795 | | |
| Total | 892,000 | 1,274,446 | 382,446 | | |
| Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues: | | | | | |
| Powell bill allocation | 390,000 | 401,381 | 11,381 | | |
| ABC revenue for law enforcement | 36,000 | 43,148 | 7,148 | | |
| Federal and state grants | 247,718 | 19,483 | (228,235) | | |
| Fire district taxes | 635,750 | 645,264 | 9,514 | | |
| Total | 1,309,468 | 1,109,276 | (200,192) | | |
| Permits and Fees: | | | | | |
| Building permits and inspection fees | 194,650 | 217,033 | 22,383 | | |
| Reconnect fees | 60,250 | 71,417 | 11,167 | | |
| Total | 254,900 | 288,450 | 33,550 | | |
| Sales and Services: | | | | | |
| Recreation department fees | 490,500 | 592,954 | 102,454 | | |
| Cemetery revenues | 27,250 | 18,350 | (8,900) | | |
| Sanitation fees | 697,500 | 756,287 | 58,787 | | |
| Police contract services | 170,000 | 274,132 | 104,132 | | |
| Court costs and fees | 1,500 | 2,008 | 508 | | |
| Rents | 80,000 | 90,208 | 10,208 | | |
| Total | 1,466,750 | 1,733,939 | 267,189 | | |

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Investment Earnings | 301,000 | 377,142 | 76,142 |
| Miscellaneous | 376,796 | 216,166 | (160,630) |
| Total revenues | 16,663,364 | 17,205,191 | 541,827 |
| Expenditures: General Government: Governing Body: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 129,899 | 112,526 | 17,373 |
| Operating expenses | 189,450 | 163,450 | 26,000 |
| Allocated to other funds | (139,950) | (139,950) | |
| Total | 179,399 | 136,026 | 43,373 |
| Administration: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 651,130 | 621,581 | 29,549 |
| Professional services | 78,160 | 67,542 | 10,618 |
| Operating expenses | 231,920 | 237,379 | (5,459) |
| Capital outlay | - | 31,481 | (31,481) |
| Allocated to other funds | (707,180) | (704,500) | (2,680) |
| Total | 254,030 | 253,483 | 547 |
| Finance: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 1,325,260 | 1,234,850 | 90,410 |
| Professional services | 116,200 | 112,951 | 3,249 |
| Operating expenses | 317,236 | 103,604 | 213,632 |
| Capital outlay | 44,800 | 56,022 | (11,222) |
| Allocated to other funds | (1,315,188) | (1,268,688) | (46,500) |
| Total | 488,308 | 238,739 | 249,569 |
| Planning and Code Enforcement: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 811,205 | 718,016 | 93,189 |
| Professional services | 262,250 | 220,955 | 41,295 |
| Operating expenses | , - | 500 | (500) |
| Total | 1,073,455 | 939,471 | 133,984 |
| Downtown: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 81,225 | 79,266 | 1,959 |
| Operating expenses | 114,332 | 112,406 | 1,926 |
| Capital outlay | 54,500 | 40,245 | 14,255 |
| Total | 250,057 | 231,917 | 18,140 |
| | | | |

| Special Appropriations: 35,000 3,244 31,756 Public Building: 35,000 3,244 31,756 Salaries and employee benefits 634,785 634,041 74 Operating expenses 679,197 619,060 60,137 Capial outlay 25,000 15,000 10,000 Allocated to other funds 705,107 761,337 3,753 Total 373,875 506,744 67,131 Total general government 2,854,124 2,309,624 544,500 Public Safety: Public Safety: Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 16,323 Operating expenses 85,807 839,615 19,192 Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Total 3,244 3,232,323 2,922 6,689 Operating expenses 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,69 | | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Public Building: Salaries and employee benefits 634,785 634,041 744 Operating expenses 679,197 619,060 60,137 Capital outlay 25,000 15,000 10,000 Allocated to other funds (765,107) (761,357) (3,750) Total 573,875 506,744 67,131 Total general government 2,854,124 2,309,624 544,500 Public Safety: | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits 634,785 634,041 744 Operating expenses 679,197 619,060 60,137 Capital outlay 25,000 15,000 10,000 Allocated to other funds (765,107) (761,357) (3,750) Total 573,875 506,744 67,131 Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 | Contributions | 35,000 | 3,244 | 31,756 |
| Operating expenses 679,197 619,060 60,137 Capital outlay 25,000 15,000 10,000 Allocated to other funds (765,107) (761,357) 3,750 Total 573,875 506,744 67,131 Total general government 2,854,124 2,309,624 544,500 Public Safety: Police: 8 52,000 31,323 66,239 Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 66,239 Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 9,393,628 8,734,031 | | | | |
| Capital outlay 25,000 15,000 10,000 Allocated to other funds (765,107) (761,357) 3,750 Total 573,875 506,744 67,131 Total general government 2,854,124 2,309,624 544,500 Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Public Safety: Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 41,7753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 T | | | | |
| Allocated to other funds | | | | |
| Total 573,875 506,744 67,131 Total general government 2,854,124 2,309,624 544,500 Public Safety: Police: \$\$85,807\$ \$\$80,866 \$\$13,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Operating expenses 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Total public safety 1,641,595 1,460,124 <td< td=""><td>Capital outlay</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | Capital outlay | | | |
| Total general government 2,854,124 2,309,624 544,500 Public Safety: Police: Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 42,7426 477,711 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Stalaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 | Allocated to other funds | (765,107) | (761,357) | (3,750) |
| Public Safety: Public Safety: Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 888,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 <td>Total</td> <td>573,875</td> <td>506,744</td> <td>67,131</td> | Total | 573,875 | 506,744 | 67,131 |
| Police: Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,232 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 | Total general government | 2,854,124 | 2,309,624 | 544,500 |
| Salaries and employee benefits 4,944,181 4,830,866 113,315 Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 8,766 | | | | |
| Professional services 25,000 31,323 (6,323) Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highway: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 8,766) Capital ou | | 4 044 191 | 1 920 966 | 112 215 |
| Operating expenses 858,807 839,615 19,192 Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 68,766 Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total | ÷ * | | | |
| Capital outlay 341,767 341,329 438 Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: 3 170,197 22 | | | | ` ' / |
| Total 6,169,755 6,043,133 126,622 Fire: Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: 3 114,520 89,172 25,348 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | • | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits 1,871,313 1,830,596 40,717 Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: 3 114,520 89,172 25,348 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | Fire: | | | |
| Professional services 29,670 22,972 6,698 Operating expenses 417,753 409,004 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | 1.871.313 | 1.830.596 | 40.717 |
| Operating expenses 417,753 409,904 7,849 Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | ÷ * | | | |
| Capital outlay 905,137 427,426 477,711 Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | | |
| Total 3,223,873 2,690,898 532,975 Total public safety 9,393,628 8,734,031 659,597 Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | | |
| Transportation: Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | 3,223,873 | 2,690,898 | 532,975 |
| Streets and Highways: Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | Total public safety | 9,393,628 | 8,734,031 | 659,597 |
| Salaries and employee benefits 1,641,595 1,460,124 181,471 Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | | |
| Professional services 69,500 59,264 10,236 Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | 1 641 505 | 1 460 124 | 101 471 |
| Operating expenses 1,130,329 1,082,614 47,715 Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | ± • | | | |
| Contracted services 300,000 308,766 (8,766) Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | | |
| Capital outlay 88,931 36,860 52,071 Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | | |
| Total 3,230,355 2,947,628 282,727 Environmental Protection: Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | * | , , |
| Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | - | | | |
| Cemetery: Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | Environmental Protection: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits 193,015 170,197 22,818 Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | | | | |
| Operating expenses 114,520 89,172 25,348 Capital outlay 21,600 15,800 5,800 | • | 193,015 | 170,197 | 22,818 |
| Capital outlay <u>21,600</u> 15,800 5,800 | ± * | | | |
| • | | 21,600 | | |
| | ÷ | 329,135 | 275,169 | 53,966 |

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Culture and Recreation: | | | <u> </u> |
| Parks and Recreation: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 1,972,125 | 1,824,613 | 147,512 |
| Operating expenses | 736,839 | 700,426 | 36,413 |
| Capital outlay | 196,931 | 164,519 | 32,412 |
| Total | 2,905,895 | 2,689,558 | 216,337 |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal repayment | 604,370 | 604,370 | - |
| Interest and fees | 53,595 | 108,138 | (54,543) |
| Total | 657,965 | 712,508 | (54,543) |
| Total expenditures | 19,371,102 | 17,668,518 | 1,702,584 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (2,707,738) | (463,327) | 2,244,411 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Lease liabilities issued | - | 31,481 | 31,481 |
| Issuance of long-term debt | 800,000 | 800,000 | - |
| Sales of assets | 25,000 | 32,446 | 7,446 |
| Transfers in | 1,353,950 | 1,444,178 | 90,228 |
| Fund balance appropriated | 528,788 | | (528,788) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,707,738 | 2,308,105 | (399,633) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | 1,844,778 | \$ 1,844,778 |
| Fund Balance: | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | | 13,439,130 | |
| End of year - June 30 | | \$ 15,283,908 | |

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ARPA GRANT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | <u>Actual</u> | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| | Project Authorization | | Prior Years | | Current Year | | Total to Date | | Variance Positive/ (Negative) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Rescue Plan grant | \$ | 3,487,711 | \$ | 1,856,515 | \$ | 1,264,381 | \$ | 3,120,896 | \$ | (366,815) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant expenditures | | 255,800 | | 345,845 | | 255,800 | | 601,645 | | (345,845) |
| Capital outlay | | 1,249,649 | | 533,157 | | 771,433 | | 1,304,590 | | (54,941) |
| Total expenditures | | 1,505,449 | _ | 879,002 | | 1,027,233 | | 1,906,235 | | (400,786) |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 1,982,262 | _ | 977,513 | _ | 237,148 | | 1,214,661 | | (767,601) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | 28,108 | | - | | 28,108 | | 28,108 |
| Transfers out | | (1,982,262) | _ | (1,005,621) | | (180,748) | (| (1,186,369) | | 795,893 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (1,982,262) | _ | (977,513) | | (180,748) | (| (1,158,261) | | 824,001 |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 56,400 | \$ | 56,400 | \$ | 56,400 |

NONMAJOR CEMETERY PERMANENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | <u>Actual</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Revenues: | |
| Sales and services | \$ 30,950 |
| Investment earnings | 11,914 |
| Total revenues | 42,864 |
| Net change in fund balance | 42,864 |
| Fund Balance: | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | 569,036 |
| End of year - June 30 | <u>\$</u> 611,900 |

ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Over/Under | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 10,634,800 | \$ 10,863,739 | \$ 228,939 | | |
| Other operating revenue | 15,000 | 26,066 | 11,066 | | |
| Total operating revenues | 10,649,800 | 10,889,805 | 240,005 | | |
| Non-operating revenues: | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | 500 | 194 | (306) | | |
| Grant revenue | - | 62,028 | 62,028 | | |
| Investment earnings | 50,000 | 96,132 | 46,132 | | |
| Total non-operating revenues | 50,500 | 158,354 | 107,854 | | |
| Total revenues | 10,700,300 | 11,048,159 | 347,859 | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Finance and administration: | | | | | |
| Charges by General Fund | 1,144,959 | 1,127,314 | 17,645 | | |
| Electrical operations: | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 586,995 | 436,506 | 150,489 | | |
| Professional services | 206,305 | 45,762 | 160,543 | | |
| Maintenance | 225,000 | 157,206 | 67,794 | | |
| Other departmental expenditures | 344,919 | 154,647 | 190,272 | | |
| Capital outlay | 452,210 | 70,182 | 382,028 | | |
| Total | 1,815,429 | 864,303 | 951,126 | | |
| Electrical power purchases | 6,710,000 | 5,458,660 | 1,251,340 | | |
| Total expenditures | 9,670,388 | 7,450,277 | 2,220,111 | | |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 1,029,912 | 3,597,882 | 2,567,970 | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | |
| Appropriated fund balance | 845,688 | - | (845,688) | | |
| Transfers out | (1,875,600) | (1,875,600) | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (1,029,912) | (1,875,600) | (845,688) | | |

ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Over/Under |
|---|----------|--------------|------------------------|
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ - | 1,722,282 | \$ 1,722,282 |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis | | | |
| (Modified Accrual) To Full Accrual: | | | |
| Capital outlay | | 70,182 | |
| Depreciation | | (245,504) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | (17,973) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | 6,724 | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | (5,188) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 15,603 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 3,505 | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | (43,963) | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | (3,027) | |
| Intrafund transfers | | 600,000 | |
| Change in net position | <u>.</u> | \$ 2,102,641 | |

ELECTRIC CAPITAL PROJECT FUND WALNUT STREET/RUSS AVENUE IMPROVEMENTS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | Actual | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------|--------|----------------|----|-----------------|----|------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Project Authorization | | | Prior Years | | Current Year | | Total to Date | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| State grant | \$ | 1,000,000 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ (1,000,000) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | |
| Additional lighting | | 150,000 | | 85,163 | | 52,450 | | 137,613 | 12,387 |
| Historic District | | 850,000 | | - | | - | | - | 850,000 |
| Russ to Howell Mill | | 706,000 | | <u>-</u> | | 544,549 | _ | 544,549 | 161,451 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,706,000 | | 85,163 | | 596,999 | - | 682,162 | 1,023,838 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | (706,000) | | (85,163) | | (596,999) | | (682,162) | 23,838 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 706,000 | _ | | _ | 600,000 | _ | 600,000 | (106,000) |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ | _ | \$ | (85,163) | \$ | 3,001 | \$ | (82,162) | <u>\$ (82,162)</u> |

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Over/Under | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 3,363,000 | \$ 3,537,558 | \$ 174,558 | | |
| Tap and connection fees | 70,000 | 101,721 | 31,721 | | |
| Other operating revenue | 1,000 | 64 | (936) | | |
| Total operating revenues | 3,434,000 | 3,639,343 | 205,343 | | |
| Non-operating revenues: | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | 1,000 | 5,092 | 4,092 | | |
| Investment earnings | 105,000 | 116,637 | 11,637 | | |
| Total non-operating revenues | 106,000 | 121,729 | 15,729 | | |
| Total revenues | 3,540,000 | 3,761,072 | 221,072 | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Finance and administration: | | | | | |
| Charges by General Fund | 896,877 | 879,232 | 17,645 | | |
| Water maintenance and distribution: | | | | | |
| Maintenance department: | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 643,910 | 594,271 | 49,639 | | |
| Professional services | 61,000 | 36,475 | 24,525 | | |
| Maintenance | 349,414 | 136,925 | 212,489 | | |
| Other departmental expenditures | 221,970 | | 16,672 | | |
| Capital outlay | 629,535 | 214,987 | 414,548 | | |
| Total | 1,905,829 | 1,187,956 | 717,873 | | |
| Operations department: | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 708,230 | 645,382 | 62,848 | | |
| Professional services | 60,000 | 46,803 | 13,197 | | |
| Utilities | 29,300 | 37,282 | (7,982) | | |
| Maintenance | 261,425 | 269,284 | (7,859) | | |
| Other departmental expenditures | 130,335 | 120,689 | 9,646 | | |
| Capital outlay | 540,745 | 406,040 | 134,705 | | |
| Total | 1,730,035 | 1,525,480 | 204,555 | | |

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Over/Under |
|---|-------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Debt service: | | | |
| Principal repayment | 61,684 | 61,684 | - |
| Interest and fees | 9,316 | 9,038 | 278 |
| Total debt service | 71,000 | 70,722 | 278 |
| Total expenditures | 4,603,741 | 3,663,390 | 940,351 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (1,063,741) | 97,682 | 1,161,423 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Appropriated fund balance | 1,063,741 | - | (1,063,741) |
| Transfers in | <u> </u> | 134,181 | 134,181 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 1,063,741 | 134,181 | (929,560) |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ - | 231,863 | \$ 231,863 |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis | | | |
| (Modified Accrual) To Full Accrual: | | | |
| Capital outlay | | 621,027 | |
| Depreciation | | (653,536) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | (44,075) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | 16,488 | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | (12,722) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 38,551 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 8,662 | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | (108,622) | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | (2,058) | |
| Principal repayment | - | 61,684 | |
| Change in net position | 9 | 5 157,262 | |

SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Over/Under | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 3,838,000 | \$ 4,130,643 | \$ 292,643 | |
| Tap and connection fees | 55,000 | 78,151 | 23,151 | |
| Total operating revenues | 3,893,000 | 4,208,794 | 315,794 | |
| Non-operating revenues: | | | | |
| Grant revenue | - | 2,126 | 2,126 | |
| Investment earnings | 130,000 | 161,485 | 31,485 | |
| Total non-operating revenues | 130,000 | 163,611 | 33,611 | |
| Total revenues | 4,023,000 | 4,372,405 | 349,405 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Finance and administration: | | | | |
| Charges by General Fund | 885,594 | 867,949 | 17,645 | |
| Water collection and treatment: | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 725,510 | 687,802 | 37,708 | |
| Professional services | 75,000 | 14,594 | 60,406 | |
| Maintenance | 120,000 | 106,706 | 13,294 | |
| Other departmental expenditures | 129,690 | 101,601 | 28,089 | |
| Capital outlay | 919,034 | 136,562 | 782,472 | |
| Total | 1,969,234 | 1,047,265 | 921,969 | |
| Operations department: | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 876,535 | 824,031 | 52,504 | |
| Professional services | 70,000 | 48,729 | 21,271 | |
| Utilities | 160,500 | 107,048 | 53,452 | |
| Maintenance | 178,541 | 128,696 | 49,845 | |
| Other departmental expenditures | 313,240 | 306,294 | 6,946 | |
| Capital outlay | 75,000 | 70,239 | 4,761 | |
| Total | 1,673,816 | 1,485,037 | 188,779 | |
| Total expenditures | 4,528,644 | 3,400,251 | 1,128,393 | |

SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Over/Under |
|---|-----------|------------|------------------------|
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (505,644) | 972,154 | 1,477,798 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Appropriated fund balance | 1,094,104 | - | (1,094,104) |
| Transfers in | - | 46,567 | 46,567 |
| Transfers out | (588,460) | (588,460) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 505,644 | (541,893) | (1,047,537) |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ - | 430,261 | \$ 430,261 |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis | | | |
| (Modified Accrual) To Full Accrual: | | | |
| Capital outlay | | 206,801 | |
| Depreciation | | (464,192) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | (44,879) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | 16,790 | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | (12,954) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 37,502 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | 8,426 | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | (105,666) | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | 13,177 | |
| Intrafund transfers | | 588,460 | |
| Change in net position | | \$ 673,726 | |

SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT IMPROVEMENT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Actual | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|----|--------------|------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| | Project <u>Authorization</u> | | Prior Current Years Year | | | Total to Date | | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Engineering and professional fees | \$ 1,978 | ,900 | \$ 1,591,586 | \$ | 576,472 | \$ 2,168,058 | \$ | (189,158) |
| Construction cost | 26,202 | ,321 | 5,402,097 | | 14,657,035 | 20,059,132 | | 6,143,189 |
| Closing costs | 588 | ,460 | 490,918 | | 97,542 | 588,460 | | - |
| Contingency | 1,241 | ,779 | | | _ | | | 1,241,779 |
| Total expenditures | 30,011 | ,460 | 7,484,601 | _ | 15,331,049 | 22,815,650 | | 7,195,810 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (30,011 | ,460) | (7,484,601) | _ | (15,331,049) | (22,815,650) | _ | 7,195,810 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | |
| CWSRF loan issued | 24,545 | ,900 | - | | 9,787,774 | 9,787,774 | | (14,758,126) |
| Long-term debt issued | 4,877 | ,100 | - | | - | - | | (4,877,100) |
| Transfers in | 588 | ,460 | | _ | 588,460 | 588,460 | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 30,011 | ,460 | | _ | 10,376,234 | 10,376,234 | | (19,635,226) |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ | | \$ (7,484,601) | \$ | (4,954,815) | \$ (12,439,416) | \$ | (12,439,416) |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | Asset Services Management Fund | Garage Operations Fund | Total |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| Assets: | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ - | \$ 181,341 | \$ 181,341 |
| Other receivables | - | 2 | 2 |
| Inventories | | 74,275 | 74,275 |
| Total current assets | - | 255,618 | 255,618 |
| Capital assets: | | | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | _ | 167,845 | 167,845 |
| Total assets | | 423,463 | 423,463 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | |
| Pension deferrals | - | 75,425 | 75,425 |
| OPEB deferrals | | 28,711 | 28,711 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 104,136 | 104,136 |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | - | 29,784 | 29,784 |
| Compensated absences, current | - | 353 | 353 |
| OPEB liability - current | - | 4,305 | 4,305 |
| Total current liabilities | - | 34,442 | 34,442 |
| Non-current liabilities: | | | |
| Compensated absences | = | 14,476 | 14,476 |
| Net pension liability | - | 123,884 | 123,884 |
| Total OPEB liability | | 120,257 | 120,257 |
| Total non-current liabilities | - | 258,617 | 258,617 |
| Total liabilities | | 293,059 | 293,059 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | |
| Pension deferrals | - | 1,038 | 1,038 |
| OPEB deferrals | - | 22,477 | 22,477 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 23,515 | 23,515 |
| Net Position: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | - | 167,845 | 167,845 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | _ | 43,180 | 43,180 |
| Total net position | \$ - | \$ 211,025 | \$ 211,025 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Asset Service Management Fund | | Garage Operations Fund | Total |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Operating Revenues: | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | - \$ | 1,116,021 | \$ 1,116,021 |
| Other operating revenue | | | 8,898 | 8,898 |
| Total operating revenues | | | 1,124,919 | 1,124,919 |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | |
| Garage operations | | - | 968,768 | 968,768 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | 36,804 | 36,804 |
| Total operating expenses | | <u>-</u> - | 1,005,572 | 1,005,572 |
| Operating income (loss) | | <u>-</u> - | 119,347 | 119,347 |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | - | 3,435 | 3,435 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of assets | | | 800 | 800 |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | | <u>-</u> - | 4,235 | 4,235 |
| Income (loss) before transfers | | - | 123,582 | 123,582 |
| Transfers out | (168,57 | (8) | - | (168,578) |
| Transfer of net position to governmental activities | (1,024,89 | 9) | | (1,024,899) |
| Change in net position | (1,193,47 | 7) | 123,582 | (1,069,895) |
| Net Position: | | | | |
| Beginning of year - July 1 | 1,193,47 | <u>7</u> | 87,443 | 1,280,920 |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ | <u>-</u> § | 211,025 | \$ 211,025 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Asset Services Management Fund | Garage Operations Fund | | | Total |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Cash received from interfund charges | \$ - | \$ | 1,116,021 | \$ | 1,116,021 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | - | | (630,975) | | (630,975) |
| Cash paid to employees for services | - | | (285,377) | | (285,377) |
| Other operating revenues | | | 8,898 | | 8,898 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | | 208,567 | _ | 208,567 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related | | | | | |
| Financing Activities: | | | (10,002) | | (10,002) |
| Acquisition of capital assets and construction | - | | (19,903) | | (19,903) |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | | 800 | | 800 |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital and | _ | | (19,103) | | (19,103) |
| related financing activities | | | (17,103) | | (17,103) |
| Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: | | | | | |
| Operating transfers out | (196,226) | | - | | (196,226) |
| Change in due to/from other funds | | | (11,558) | | (11,558) |
| Net cash provided (used) by | | | | | |
| non-capital financing activities | (196,226) | | (11,558) | | (207,784) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | _ | | 3,435 | | 3,435 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (196,226) | | 181,341 | | (14,885) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents: Beginning of year - July 1 | 196,226 | | | | 196,226 |
| End of year - June 30 | \$ - | \$ | 181,341 | \$ | 181,341 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Asset Services Management Fund | | Garage perations Fund | Total | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|-------|-------------|
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net | | | | | |
| Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ - | \$ | 119,347 | \$ | 119,347 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) | | | | | |
| to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation | - | | 36,804 | | 36,804 |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | |
| Inventory | - | | 6,044 | | 6,044 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pensions | - | | (7,528) | | (7,528) |
| Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | - | | 8,701 | | 8,701 |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | - | | 21,210 | | 21,210 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pensions | - | | (1,691) | | (1,691) |
| Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | - | | (3,255) | | (3,255) |
| Other post-employment benefits | - | | 2,512 | | 2,512 |
| Accounts payable | - | | 20,781 | | 20,781 |
| Compensated absences | | | 5,642 | | 5,642 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ - | \$ | 208,567 | \$ | 208,567 |
| Non-Cash Transactions: | | | | | |
| Transfer of net position to governmental activities | \$ (1,024,899) | \$ | | \$ | (1,024,899) |
| Assumption of current liabilities by General Fund | \$ 27,648 | \$ | - | \$ | 27,648 |

ASSET SERVICES MANAGEMENT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - FINANCIAL PLAN AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Financial Plan | | Actual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
|---|-------------------|----|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | |
| Transfers out | \$ - | \$ | (168,578) | \$ (168,578) |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | | |
| (under) expenditures and other financing uses | \$ - | i | (168,578) | \$ (168,578) |
| Reconciliation from Modified Accrual | | | | |
| Basis To Full Accrual Basis: | | | | |
| Transfer of net position to governmental activities | | | (1,024,899) | |
| Change in net position | | \$ | (1,193,477) | |

GARAGE OPERATIONS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -FINANCIAL PLAN AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Financial Plan | Actual | Variance Positive/ (Negative) |
|---|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,117,900 | \$ 1,116,021 | \$ (1,879) |
| Other operating revenue | | 8,898 | 8,898 |
| Total operating revenues | 1,117,900 | 1,124,919 | 7,019 |
| Non-operating revenues: | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | - | 800 | 800 |
| Investment earnings | | 3,435 | 3,435 |
| Total non-operating revenues | | 4,235 | 4,235 |
| Total revenues | 1,117,900 | 1,129,154 | 11,254 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Operating expenses: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 287,300 | 310,968 | (23,668) |
| Maintenance and repairs | 39,000 | 9,303 | 29,697 |
| Materials and supplies | 255,400 | 261,165 | (5,765) |
| Other departmental expenses | 516,200 | 412,063 | 104,137 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,097,900 | 993,499 | 104,401 |
| Capital outlay | 20,000 | | 20,000 |
| Total expenditures | 1,117,900 | 993,499 | 124,401 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | \$ - | 135,655 | \$ 135,655 |
| Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis | | | |
| (Modified Accrual) To Full Accrual: | | | |
| Depreciation | | (36,804) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB | | (8,701) | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | | 3,255 | |
| (Increase) decrease in total OPEB liability | | (2,512) | |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pension | | 7,528 | |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension | | (1,691) | |
| (Increase) decrease in net pension liability | | 21,210 | |
| (Increase) decrease in compensated absences | | 5,642 | |
| Change in net position | | \$ 123,582 | |

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2024

| Fiscal Year | В | collected Balance y 1, 2023 | F | Additions | Collections and Credits | ncollected Balance ne 30, 2024 |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2023-2024 | \$ | - | \$ | 7,297,118 | \$ 7,250,336 | \$ 46,782 |
| 2022-2023 | | 53,762 | | - | 47,030 | 6,732 |
| 2021-2022 | | 67,485 | | - | 20,787 | 46,698 |
| 2020-2021 | | 42,247 | | - | 17,205 | 25,042 |
| 2019-2020 | | 39,790 | | - | 11,139 | 28,651 |
| 2018-2019 | | 33,641 | | - | 8,123 | 25,518 |
| 2017-2018 | | 35,268 | | - | 5,538 | 29,730 |
| 2016-2017 | | 27,470 | | - | 3,219 | 24,251 |
| 2015-2016 | | 22,755 | | - | 2,420 | 20,335 |
| 2014-2015 | | 25,691 | | - | 1,207 | 24,484 |
| 2013-2014 | | 32,258 | | | 32,258 | |
| Total | \$ | 380,367 | \$ | 7,297,118 | \$ 7,399,262 | 278,223 |
| Less: Allowance for | or uncollect | ible accounts | | | | (113,208) |
| Ad valorem taxes re | eceivable, n | et | | | | \$ 165,015 |
| Reconciliation of C Ad valorem taxes: General Fund | Collections | and Credits v | vith Re | venues: | | \$ 7,458,532 |
| Reconciling items: | | | | | | |
| Penalties and intere | | | | | | (50,876) |
| Special motor vehic | ele tax | | | | | (45) |
| Taxes written off | | | | | | 32,258 |
| Miscellaneous adjus | stments | | | | | (40,607) |
| Total collections an | d credits | | | | | \$ 7,399,262 |

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | Tota | l Levy | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|---------------|--|---------------------------------|--|
| | Property Valuation Rate | | Total Levy | Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles | Registered Motor Vehicles | |
| Original Levy: | | | | | | |
| Property taxed at current year's rate | \$ 1,635,741,348 | \$ 0.4392 | \$ 7,184,176 | \$ 6,637,403 | \$ 546,773 | |
| Municipal service district | 58,658,947 | 0.1900 | 111,452 | 111,452 | - | |
| Penalties | | | 1,490 | 1,490 | | |
| Total original levy | 1,694,400,295 | | 7,297,118 | 6,750,345 | 546,773 | |
| Total property valuation | \$ 1,694,400,295 | | | | | |
| Net Levy | | | 7,297,118 | 6,750,345 | 546,773 | |
| Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2024 | | | (46,782) | (46,782) | _ | |
| Current Year's Taxes Collected | | | \$ 7,250,336 | \$ 6,703,563 | \$ 546,773 | |
| Current Levy Collection Percentage | | | 99.36% | 99.31% | 100.00% | |





"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Waynesville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Waynesville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 25, 2025. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Waynesville ABC Board, as described in our report on the Town of Waynesville's financial statements. The financial statements of the Town of Waynesville ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with the Town of Waynesville ABC Board or that are reported separately by those auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Waynesville ABC Board.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Waynesville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Waynesville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Waynesville's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal controls that we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs as items 2024-001, 2024-002, 2024-003, and 2024-005 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs as item 2024-004 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Waynesville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs as items 2024-002, 2024-003, 2024-004, and 2024-005.

Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs. The Town's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associated, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina July 25, 2025



"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Waynesville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Waynesville, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Waynesville's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Town of Waynesville's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Waynesville complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Waynesville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Waynesville's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town of Waynesville's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town of Waynesville's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material non-compliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material non-compliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town of Waynesville's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town of Waynesville's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Town of Waynesville's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Waynesville's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in

internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

July 25, 2025



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(s) identified? Yes

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted? Yes

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

• Material weakness (es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(s) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major federal programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

Program Name or ClusterAL #COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds21.027

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Material Weakness

Finding 2024-001

Criteria: The assignment of responsibilities should be segregated so that one person is not responsible for the authorization and recording of a transaction and the custody of the related asset. There needs to be a reconciliation or control activity to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition: Controls over financial reporting have been designed but not properly implemented and monitored. Approvals could not be verified for all journal entries sampled.

Effect: Lack of proper implementation of control policies greatly increases the risk of an error or irregularity going undetected and can result in improper financial reporting.

Cause: Due to turnover and limited number of personnel, there are not adequate safeguards in place to monitor controls over journal entries.

Recommendation: Access to the books and records of the Town should be separated from access to the assets of the Town as much as possible. Internal controls over journal entries should be added to ensure proper segregation of duties.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The Town agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan section of this report.

Material Weakness Non-Compliance

Finding 2024-002

Criteria: N.C. General Statute 159-34 requires the Town to have an audit as soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year.

Condition: The annual audit was delayed due to turnover in financial personnel.

Effect: Delays of timely reporting and errors in financial reporting could occur.

Cause: The Town's Finance Director position was turned over several times.

Recommendation: Management should cross-train where possible so that vacancies in key personnel do not create significant disruptions in day-to-day operations.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The Town agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan section of this report.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Material Weakness Non-Compliance

Finding 2024-003

Criteria: N.C. General Statute 159-29 S.L. 2022-53, Section 9(a) requires that the person designated by the Board as the Finance Director give a true accounting and faithful performance bond in an amount not less than the greater of \$50,000 or an amount equal to ten percent of the unit's annually budgeted funds, up to \$1,000,000. The Interim Finance Director was appointed on April 24, 2024, but was not bonded until May 3, 2024.

Condition: The Board-appointed Interim Finance Director for the Town was not individually bonded timely to meet the requirements after initial appointment.

Effect: The Town should have a system in place to ensure compliance with state statutes.

Cause: Management did not take the proper steps to make sure the Town was in compliance with state statutes after appointment of the Interim Finance Director.

Recommendation: Management should ensure that Finance Director is covered timely for the Town's bonding.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The Town agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan section of this report.

Significant Deficiency Non-Compliance

Finding 2024-004

Criteria: N.C. General Statute 159-32 requires all collections and receipts greater than \$250 be deposited on a daily basis.

Condition: Deposits were not being made daily when cash and checks collected exceeded \$250, which is in violation of G.S. 159-32. One instance of this occurring was noted during the audit.

Effect: The Town was in violation of North Carolina General Statutes.

Cause: Lack of monitoring over cash deposits

Recommendation: Management should implement controls over deposits to ensure compliance with General Statutes.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The Town agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan section of this report.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Material Weakness Non-Compliance

Finding 2024-005

Criteria: N.C. General Statute 159-28 requires that obligations of the unit be pre-audited in accordance with the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. The statutes require that funds be appropriated before incurring the obligation of funds and that amounts be pre-audited prior to the expenditure being made.

Condition: For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, actual expenditures exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for the Town for the following funds: ARPA Grant Project Fund and the Asset Services Management Internal Service Fund.

Effect: The Town was in violation of North Carolina State Statutes.

Cause: The Town expended more than what had been appropriated because budget amendments were not made for those items.

Recommendation: The Town should implement additional monitoring controls, such as reviewing monthly budget to actual reports and careful pre-audit of expenditures. Budget amendments should be adopted prior to expending funds that exceed budgeted amounts.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The Town agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan section of this report.

3. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of Federal Awards

None reported.



Gary Caldwell, Mayor
Julia Freeman, Mayor Pro Tem
Clarence "Chuck" Dickson, Alderman
Jon Feichter, Alderman
Anthony Sutton, Alderman

Robert W. Hites, Jr. Town Manager Martha Bradley, Town Attorney

TOWN OF WAYNESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements:

Material Weakness

Finding 2024-001:

Name of Contact Person: Ian Barrett, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Between the assistant finance director and the finance director, one person will primarily focus on reconciliations. After any entries, they will be signed off by the other who did not reconcile the accounts or prepare the entry.

Proposed Completion Date: Regularly implemented going forward.

Material Weakness

Finding 2024-002:

Name of Contact Person: Ian Barrett, Finance Director

Corrective Action: While working through the FY24 audit, clean up was done to ensure a smoother completion process going forward. I feel good about staffing going forward and more confident on the process. Another factor was the impact of hurricane Helene. While we may not have influence over preventing storms, we can work to ensure ease of access. We will work on digitizing records to ensure easier access.

Proposed Completion Date: 2025 Fiscal Audit



Gary Caldwell, Mayor
Julia Freeman, Mayor Pro Tem
Clarence "Chuck" Dickson, Alderman
Jon Feichter, Alderman
Anthony Sutton, Alderman

Robert W. Hites, Jr. Town Manager Martha Bradley, Town Attorney

TOWN OF WAYNESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements (continued):

Material Weakness

Finding 2024-003:

Name of Contact Person: Ian Barrett, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Human Resources will require bonding before assuming a position that requires it. Doing it preemptively will prevent there being an unbonded finance officer in the future.

Proposed Completion Date: End of 2024 Fiscal Audit

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2024-004:

Name of Contact Person: Ian Barrett, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Since I have assumed this position, I have stressed the importance of same day deposits when we receipt payments. This is practice and we will ensure timeliness to reflect on our books. There should always be a deposit to the bank if there are receipts for payments. This has been discussed with the collection's supervisor.

Proposed Completion Date: End of 2024 Fiscal Audit

Material Weakness

Finding 2024-005:

Name of Contact Person: Ian Barrett, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Funds were over budget in fiscal year 2024, going forward all ARPA funds are going to be tracked by at least two people in house and reconciled against the federal portal. The Asset Services Management Internal Service Fund was dissolved in fiscal year 2024, over budget will not occur again for this fund.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

None Reported

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 | Federal | State Pass- | Fed.(Direct & | | | Passed |
|---|---------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | AL | Through | Pass-Through) | 2024 State | 2024 Local | Through to |
| Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title | Number | Grantor's | Expenditures | Expenditures | Expenditures | Subrecipients |
| Federal Grants: U.S. Department of Treasury: | | | | | | |
| Direct Program | | | | | | |
| COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | 21.027 | NC0498 | \$ 1,264,381 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Passed thorough NC Department of Environmental Quality State Revolving Fund | | | | | | |
| COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | 21.027 | CS370930-01 | 14,657,035 | | | |
| Total Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds | | | 15,921,416 | | | |
| U.S. Department of Transportation: | | | | | | |
| Passed through the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration | | | | | | |
| State and Community Highway Safety | 20.600 | | 2,478 | | | |
| U.S. Department of Homeland Security: | | | | | | |
| Direct Program | | | | | | |
| | | EMW-2021-FG- | | | | |
| Assistance to Firefighters Grant | 97.044 | 00111 | 81,793 | | | |
| Total assistance - Federal programs | | | 16,005,687 | _ | - | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| State Grants: | | | | | | |
| North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality: North Carolina Volkswagen Settlement Program | | | | | | |
| Phase II, Level II EV Charging Stations | | | | 16,724 | _ | _ |
| VW-DC Fast Existing Sites Program | | | | 1,702 | - | - |
| Total North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality | | | | 18,426 | | <u> </u> |
| | | | | | | |
| N.C. Department of Transportation: | | | | 220 406 | | |
| Powell Bill allocation | | 38570 | | 338,406 | | |
| Total assistance - State programs | | | | 356,832 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Federal and State awards | | | \$ 16,005,687 | \$ 356,832 | \$ - | \$ - |

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the Town of Waynesville under the programs of the federal government and the state of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Waynesville, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of Waynesville.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The Town of Waynesville has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.